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Vol. LII, No.8. Established 1871. LA PARK, PA., AUG., 1916.

6 Years 50 Cts



FLOWERS OF ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon).

BARGAIN IN CHOICE PERENNIAL SEEDS.

THE FOLLOWING 13 Choice Hardy Perennials, the cream of the list, I will mail to you this month for only 50 cents. Now is the time to start the plants, and you will be more than pleased when your perennial bed comes into bloom next year. Many of these will take care of themselves when once established, and last for years. You will never regret spending the 50 cts.

YAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAYAY

Agrostemma coronaria, Mullein Pink, mixed.
Aguilegla, mixed, single and double,
Arabis Aipina, white clusters early in spring.
Campanula, Bell Flower, blue, white and rose,
Delphinium, Perennial Larkspur, mixed.
Digitalis, Fox Glove, finest mixed, many colors.
Hollyhock semperflorens fl. pl., mixed, double.

Pink, everblooming, mixed, richly scented.
Platycodon, mixed, one foot high; beautiful.
Poppy Perennial, scarlet and salmon blooms.
Pyrethrum, single, Perennial Cosmos; mixed.
Sweet William, mixed; double and single flowers of rich colors and variegations.

GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa Address



25 Splendid Chinese Paeonies ONLY \$1.00.



A Rare Bargain! Don't Fail to **Buy Now! This Opportunity May** Not Come to You Again.

HAVE two big fields of splendid Chinese Pæonies, embracing the finest double-flowered varieties in all colors. These fields were a glorious mass of bloom this season, as the clumps are all large and were well fertilized in the spring. Hundreds of people came for miles this season to see these surpassingly beautiful fields of bloom. But the clumps must now be taken up and the ground used for other purposes, so I offer the roots at a big bargain, 25 one-eyed roots in superb mixture, embracing all colors, for only \$1.00, mailed, and guaranteed to reach you safely. If secured and planted this month many of the plants will bloom next season, and the plants will increase and become more attractive and beautiful for several years, as they are perfectly hardy, and require but little attention after once planted. They are sure to bloom about Decoration Day, and the flowers can be profitably sold if you wish to cut and dispose of them. They are among the most profitable of flowers to raise for sale.

Full directions for planting will accompany the package. These Pæonies are all of choice named varieties, but the labels were lost, and I must sell them at a loss, as the F HAVE two big fields of splendid Chinese Pæonies, embracing the finest double-flow-

choice named varieties, but the labels were lost, and I must sell them at a loss, as the originals cost me very much more than I am asking for the roots now. Order this month. Tell your friends and get up a club. 100 roots packed and delivered to the express office here, only \$2.75; 1000 roots expressed \$25.00. Or, 25 roots by mail \$1.00, or 5 roots mailed 25 cents. Order now, when they should be procured and planted to get the best results, and while you can get the roots at a big bargain.

Address GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Lanc. Co., Pa.

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The best soam allowance Patterns ever offered to the Home Dressmaking Public, at a lower price than eve before. Single Patterns Sc each. Catalogue containing over 400 Designs of Ladies', Misses' and Children, Garments, also latest Embroidery Designs, and a concise and comprehensive article on Dressmaking, 10c each "BARGAIN OFFER."—Any 6 of these patterns together with a catalogue forwarded at the very low price of 50c. Mailed, postage prepaid and delivery guaranteed. Full and explicit directions for the construction of each garment appears on the pattern envelope. Write your name and address plainly, giving the number and slae of each pattern ordered. Enclose stamps or currency for the amount of each order. Orders to be addressed to "Flora" or "Bargain Day" Pattern Co., P. O. Box 13, Station B, Brooklyn, N. Y.



1780—Blouse and Cap. 1728—Petticoat. A Smart Breakfast Costume. The pattern of the blouse which includes the cap is cut in sizes: Small, Medium and Large. It requires 3.3-8 yards of 36-inch material for the sack, and 7-8 yard for the cap, for a Medium size. The skirt is cut in sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, and 34 inches walst measure. It requires 35-8 yards of 36-inch material for a 24-inch size. TWO separate patterns 8c FOR EACH pattern. 1778—A Simple Popular Model. Cut in sizes; 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. It requires 4.3-4 yards of 44-inch material for a 12-year size.

1380-Ladies' Apron in Sack or Belted Styles.

Small, Medium and Large.

In sizes: Small, Medium and Large. It requires 61.4 yards of 36-inch material for a Medium size, 1771—A Walst for General or Dressy Occasions. Cut in sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 in, bust measure, 1 trequires 3 yards of 35-in, material for a 36-in, size, 1759—A Practical House Dress. Cut in sizes; 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 in, bust measure. It requires 7 wards of 35 in, material for a 36 in size.

36, 38, 40. 42 and 44 In. bust measure. It requires 7 yards of 36-In. material for a 36-In. size, 1767—Girl's Dress. Sizes: 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. It requires 4 1-8 y'ds of 36-In. material for an 8-y'rslze. 1756—A New Skirt Model. Sizes: 22,24.26,28,30,32 and 34 In. walst measure. It requires for a 26-In. size 3 5-8 yards of 44-In. material.





Vol. LII.

La Park, Pa., August, 1916.

No. 8.

AUGUST.

Though dust and heat and withered grass Call forth a sigh at every pass, The Dahlias bold and Asters gay Give cheer and comfort every day. W. D. H. La Park, Pa.

BEGONIA BERTINI.

HE OLD species of Begonia known as Worthiana, has drooping, vermilion-colored flowers produced on scapes which rise from often immense tubers, the

tubers increasing in size as they increase in age. This Begonia has for many years been very popular as a bedding plant in Europe, where the summers are cool and the atmosphere moist. I have seen magnificent beds of this Begonia in Holland, where it seems to grow and bloom to perfection, but I have never seen any beds of it in America, nor have I seen it offered in catalogues, although it may be ranked among the best of bedding Begonias.

The merits of this elegant Begonia were recognized in Belgium by Begonia specialists, who made efforts to improve it, resulting in the beautiful new variety known as Begonia Bertini. This Begonia is shown in the illustration on this page, both the plant and

the enlarged flower, indicating its graceful and free-blooming character. The flowers are

larger than those of Worthiana and are of a brighter vermilion color. A plant of this new Begonia never fails to call forth enthusiastic words of admiration and praise.

Begonia Bertini is of the easiest culture, and will grow in any good, loose, well-drained soil, either in pots or beds. It likes a shady, moist situation, and sandy, porous soil. When hot summer weather comes it is benefited by mulching the bed with stable litter, or placing Sphagnum Moss over the soil in the pot. It is a summer-blooming plant, and as winter

approaches the tuber should be dried off and kept in a temperature of 50 degrees until spring, when its growth may be renewed by gradually restoring its supply of water. It is one of the many beautiful Begonias that deserves to be generally cultivated by amateur as well as professional florists.



BEGONIA BERTINI.

Asparagus Sprengeri.-This plant like other species of Asparagus will not grow continuously and retain its green color in all the parts. Once a year a portion of the branches will turn yellow and the leaves will become brown and drop off. When this occurs, water sparingly for several weeks and set the plant in a retired place to rest. After the resting period, cut the old branches back and

new, vigorous shoots will start out from them, giving the plant a more attractive appearance.

Park's Floral Magazine.

A Monthly. Entirely Floral.

GEO. W. PARK, B. Sc., Editor and Proprietor, LA PARK, LANCASTER CO., PA.

The Editor invites correspondence from all who love and cultivate flowers.

Subscription Price, 10 cents for 1 year, 25 cents for 3 years, or 50 cents for 6 years.

All communications relating to advertising should be directed to J. M. Fogelsanger, 612-614 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., who is the advertising representative.

[Entered at La Park, Pa., postoffice as second class mail matter.]

August, 1916.

Narcissus Poeticus. — When the buds of this Narcissus blast and fail to open, stir some lime into the surface soil in autumn, and put on a dressing of stable litter as winter approaches.

The Rose Beetle.—What is known as Rose beetle is an eating insect that troubles Roses, Deutzia crenata, Grape vines, etc. They can be effectually eradicated by spraying with two ounces of arsenate of lead and one-half teacup of molasses dissolved in a gallon of water.

Wistaria Vine. - There are several species of Wistaria, but the most popular and perhaps the most handsome, is the one from China. Wistaria frutescens is the species found in southern swamps. It grows from 20 to 35 feet high, and blooms in April and May. Its racemes of flowers are dense and numerous. Wistaria Sinensis is the Chinese species, growing freely to the height of 25 or 30 feet, and bearing long, loose racemes of flowers. Both of these species bear light blue or purple flowers, and are very attractive when in bloom. They should have a permanent support when growing, as the vines are woody and retain their place for years. Where several vines are grown together they will entwine each other, forming a sort of natural rope, curious and attractive. Both species bloom in early spring.

Acalypha Macafaeana. - This is one of the most beautiful of variegated leaved plants for a pot in the window, or for bedding out in summer at the North, or for a permanent plant outdoors at the frostless South. The foliage shows the lovely colors of autumn leaves, pink and bronze, yellow and chocolate, green and white, all curiously appearing in blotches or distinct patches in the leaves. The plant likes sandy, porous, well-drained soil. Such soil as will grow a Geranium satisfactorily will suit this fine foliage plant. It enjoys the direct light of the morning and evening sun, but does better if shielded from the hot midday sun. Water freely while growing, but sparingly when the plant is inactive. It is one of the easiest-grown of pot plants, and deserves to be generally cultivated.

CARE OF HYBRID CINERARIAS.

HE HYBRID Cinerarias are very beautiful pot plants when in full bloom, and when the plants are started from seeds in the spring they make elegant window plants for decoration the following winter. The seeds germinate in a few days, and the plants quickly develop under favorable conditions. As soon as the seedlings are large enough prick them out with the point of a penknife and set them two inches apart in a flat of rich, porous, sandy soil. Avoid drying winds and the hot sun of midday. When the plants begin to crowd reset them into three-inch pots,



plunging the pots in a flat of Sphagnum Moss or sand, and keeping the soil in the pots covered with chopped tobacco stems. This will keep the soil moist, prevent an attack of green lice, which are exceedingly fond of the foliage, and prevent the rapid evaporation of the moisture during the heated term of summer. Examine the pots frequently, and when the roots begin to crowd shift into larger pots, treating as before. Thus continue until the plants occupy five-inch or six-inch pots, in which they may be allowed to bloom.

The chief secret of growing handsome plants of Hybrid Cinerarias consists chiefly in preventing an attack of green lice, and keeping the plants continually growing by promptly shifting into larger pots as soon as the roots begin to crowd. An attack of aphis, or neglect to promptly shift the plants will result in stunted growth and a backset which is almost ruinous to a fine display of flowers.

Mildew on Ramblers.—Some years the Rambler Roses are troubled with mildew, and other years they are free. Spraying with lime-sulphur solution early in the season is beneficial, also stirring some lime into the surface soil about the plant. The plants are not so liable to the disease where they are grown upon a trellis in an open place, where the air and sun have free access to them from all sides.

STALE-WATER PESTS.

SUBSCRIBER in Butler County, Penn'a, asks how to destroy the pests which become numerous in stale water, such as a tub of water or a pond. If she will stir some lime into the water it will readily destroy the insect life that appears. Plants growing in stale water are very liable to have their leaves decay, and even the plants themselves



WATER HYACINTHS.

will eventually disappear. Where evaporation is not sufficient to purify the water there ought to be an outlet stream and an inlet, so that the stale water may be carried off. Water Lilies, Wild Rice, Sagittaria and Water Hyacinths do well in a rather sunny pond, where there is an inlet equal to the evaporation, so that the water will retain its normal condition. The plants should be rooted in the soil at the bottom of the shallow pond, or along near the bank. If not well-

rooted the leaves are liable to die off as fast as they appear. Water Hyacinths, however, do well if a bunch of Sphagnum Moss is tied about the roots. The plants are so constituted that they will swim upon the surface, and change their position with the changes of the wind. If Water Hyacinths are given a sunny situation and a portion of their leaves removed, they will bloom more freely than in a shady place and with the leaves fully developed. In Florida, where the cows graze on the leaves, the plants become a mass of elegant spikes of bloom as handsome as Orchids.

Spanish Iris.—The Spanish Iris has bulbous roots which dry off entirely during summer and autumn. They are liable to rot if the soil is tenacious and insufficiently drained, or if the season should be very wet after blooming. The bulbs are not hardy enough to be dependable at all times, and it is safer to lift them when the foliage fades and store them in a cool dry place, then plant them the next season. In a severe climate it is better to keep the bulbs out of the ground in a cool place until the ground is ready to work early in spring, when they should be replanted. They keep well out of the ground if stored in paper bags and kept in a cool, frost-proof place.

Root Aphis. — The root aphis often troubles Aster plants. The remedy is to excavate the soil around the base of each plant and fill in with a handful of chopped tobacco stems. Also scatter tobacco stems over the soil between the plants. This will not only eradicate the pest; but will enrich the soil and make the plants grow.

SMALL ROSE PLANTS:

7N GETTING small Rose plants, or in fact any other kind of plants, it is exceedingly important that the roots be kept from drying out before the plants are packed, and still more, when the plants are soaked in water for 15 or 20 minutes before planting, the roots should be dibbled in mud and placed in the hole made for the plant, the fine soil being thrown over the roots and pressed firm or treaded firm with the foot. After this pour one or two quarts of water into the depression around the plant and let it soak in. After this is done throw some dry or unwatered earth up around the plant. Place some grass cuttings, straw, or Sphagnum Moss around the plant, and if fully exposed to the sun place a shingle or piece of board at the southwest side, so as to shield it from the west winds and the hot sun of midday. Rose plants carelessly set in the soil and more or less neglected are liable to die before they become established. Plants are like human beings, something goes wrong with their system, or they do not have the nourishment necessary, and with all the care that can be given some will die, just as the doctor loses a portion of his patients each year.

Umbrella Plant.—The so-called Umbrella Plant, Cyperus Alternifolius, is a sedge that delights in a boggy situation, and can be grown in a pond or other place where the pots will be submerged; or it can be bedded along

the margin where the water is shallow. It can also be grown in the window in a large pot, say six or eight inches in diameter, and when so grown the leaves develop upon long stems, and the plant assumes the general appearance of a Palm. It is sometimes called Water Palm. Avoid the hot sun of midday, as it will cause the tips of the leaves to turn



brown. It requires, however, a season of rest occasionally, and when the foliage has ripened it will naturally turn brown and die. The stems should then be cut off close to the ground, allowing the leaves to be replaced by a fresh growth. It is an aquatic plant, and of course delights in plenty of moisture about the roots. It is readily propagated from seeds or by division.

Lily Bulblets.-At the axils of the leaves of Tiger, Easter and some other Lilies little bulblets are produced, which can be taken off when the foliage ripens, and planted, setting them one inch deep in the soil. They should be protected for a year or two until they get well started, then they can be set in the open ground, placing them six inches beneath the surface, and covering with chip dirt, sand and wood's soil, well mixed. The bulblets will not be ready to bloom until they are four or five years old.



Y DEAR CHILDREN:-A little boy said to me today, "We have two pairs of Jennie Wrens nesting in our bird houses. They sing all the time they are at work making nests with sticks and straws and hairs. The boxes are at our back porch, where we can watch the birds through the day, and listen to them singing." He told me all this in such

a happy, joyous way, that I could not but feel glad that his thought and care were drawn to these little House Wrens, whose busy life, with joy and song, should be a pattern for all of our boys and girls, and tend to make them happier

and kinder and better. The wise man said, "As the twig is bent the tree is inclined," and if a child is led to think of the birds and insects and little rodents that find their home among the verdure and bloom, the whole field of nature will soon be an open book, which will sway the heart and life

JENNIE WREN. for good, and make men or women who will be a credit to friends and of use to the world, let their sphere be what it may.

But, dear children, my little friend's story led me to go with him to the place where his bird homes were, and he told me how each box

was made and put up, one upon the grape arbor, and the other nailed to a strong lath, and he told what joy they had day by day with the birds, from early spring till they all went to their place in the far south, and left the houses bare and empty.

But his were not the only bird houses upon the place. Down at the north end of the lot is a

big Ash tree, to which, wren house on GRAPE ARBOR. 10 feet from the ground,

a long gourd with an inch hole in the side had been fixed by the man who cares for the seeds and plants and shrubs. Here a pair of birds have had their nest for some years, and each year from three to five broods have been grown. As I took a sketch of the gourd and heard the story of the man who put it up, the saucy little bird came and sat upon a limb not far off, then flew to the door of its house, and

what joy there was with the baby birds in the nest. Each one held its mouth open and as near as it could, and tried to claim at least a part of the nice soft morsel brought in by the mother bird. At last each baby had its part

and off went the old bird to hunt for more



But what do you think the parent birds do at last to get the babies to leave the nest? Well, they just get back in the nest and push them out; then they have to fly or fall, for the nest is eight or 10 feet from the ground, out of the way of cats or bad boys. You might think it cruel for the

BIRD HOUSE ON A LATH. old birds to push the baby birds out, but they feed the young ones until they are strong and able to fly, and they do not care to waste time upon them.

baby Wrens are very lively, and begin to fly at once. They are now fed only a day or two by the parent birds, then they are left to shift alone.

Only a week ago three little Wrens were pushed out of the nest near our porch, and in three days they had to find their own food and a place to sleep at night. So they all use an old Robin nest on a Plum tree by the porch rail. Three other little Wrens joined them, and they all huddle close in this nest when night comes, leaving it to hunt food at dawn. They are trying to sing and scold like the old birds, but their efforts, as yet, are very crude.

There are six or eight boxes for House Wrens put up near my home, two of which can be

seen from the dining table. NEST IN GOURD. Thus three times a day we can see and study the Wrens during the nesting months. We have found that they are brave and proud and active, able to take



their own part, and do not waste any time. They feed upon worms and bugs and flies, and are ever alert upon our trees and shrubs and plants from dawn until night to find food. They sing and sing, and scold and scold, and

seem to be never at rest, Their worst enemy is the English Sparrow, which at times robs



the nest while the Wrens are not at hand. The door of their house should not be more than an inch and an eighth across, just so it will let in the Wrens but keep out the Sparrows. It is



IN THE ROBIN'S NEST.

one of the best known of birds in the town and on the farm. It is too quick for the cat, and builds in a box or hole out of the reach of large birds. It is always cheerful, always active, always busy. It is a small bird, but does much

good in feeding upon the many small pests found in our gardens. Its scientific name is Troglodytes domestica, but "House Wren" or "Jennie Wren" is the common name by which it is and will be known, and the mere mention of it will bring to the memory of many their song and good cheer, and the cherished sweets and joys of the summer season.

Your friend, La Park, Pa., July 18, 1916. Geo. W. Park.

Reproducing.—Every plant and tuber and bulb will make a bold effort to reproduce its kind when the conditions are such that death to it is imminent. A potato left in the cellar unplanted will, during the summer, impart its vitality to a new growth which it develops in the last stage of its existence. A Lily bulb which is about to decay will form a number of bulblets around it to perpetuate its kind; and the same is true of a Hyacinth bulb, which has been planted so late that it cannot form roots. The scales of the bulb will develop into a cluster of little bulblets, apparently inside of the outer covering. A subscriber from Iowa refers to this peculiarity of a bulb which she planted late, and asked the reason for it. It is Nature's last effort to perpetuate its kind. We see this in the Apple tree, which will often produce flowers in autumn, while its leaves are fading yellow. It is something that can be observed throughout Nature's realm.

Hot Sunrays.-During the summer season the hot sunrays are often injurious to plants where the soil of the bed is fully exposed, or where the rays shine direct upon the sides of the pots. For beds mulch with stable litter, or set among the taller plants Kenilworth Ivy to cover the ground with its foliage and ward off the rays of the sun. To protect the pots set them inside larger pots with Sphagnum Moss between, or place a guard upon the sunny side that will shield the sides of the pots from the sun. In dry summer weather plants generally do better when the soil in the pots is covered with Sphagnum Moss. This will retain the moisture, promote a moist atmosphere, and keep the soil in the best condition for the health of the plants.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Chinese Hibiscus.—Mr. Park: Please tell me what to do for my Hibiscus. It bloomed fine the first year, but now the leaves are dropping off, and it doesn't bloom.—Mrs. Lykes, Minn.

Ans.—Cut the top back and repot the plant in sandy, well-drained soil, giving it a sunny situation. It is a tropical plant, and likes heat and sunshine.

Caladium.—Mr. Park: Please tell me how to take care of Caladium. I have a tuber, but don't know how to treat it.—Mrs. Potter, Erie Co., N. Y.

Ans.—Caladium esculentum does well bedded out in a shady place. Your tuber should be watered sparingly until well-rooted and growth begins, then you are not likely to water too much. The same is more or less true with the Fancy Caladium, but it likes more heat than Caladium Esculentum, the large-leaved species that is generally grown outdoors.

Easter Lily After Blooming.—Mr Park: Please tell me how to treat an Easter Lily after it has bloomed in the house.—Mrs. Thompson, Mass.

Ans.—Continue watering the plant until the foliage fades, then withhold water and set the pot in a cool place where the bulb will ripen, letting the soil become almost dry. About the first of September take the bulb out, and if it has not split up into small bulbs, repot it in fresh soil and it will do service another season. It is generally better, however, to buy a new bulb grown for the window, and bed the old one outdoors, setting it six inches deep, covering with chip-dirt, sand and good garden loam, treading it firmly, and then protecting by a covering of old hay or straw or fodder. The Easter Lily, when protected in winter, will mostly bloom safisfactorily outdoors in summer.

Vines for a Sunless Porch.—Mr. Park: Please tell me the names of three or four hardy vines for a porch that the sun never shines upon. It is not a damp or dark place.—Mary Schmidt, Ohio.

Ans.—A good, vigorous foliage vine for such a situation is Aristolochia Sipho, or Dutchman's Pipe vine. This has curious, brown, pipe-like flowers before the leaves develop in the spring. In the summer the leaves have a semi-tropical appearance, and make a fine shade. The vine is perfectly hardy. Another hardy vine is Akebia quinata. This comes from Japan, has pretty brown, deliciously fragrant flowers before the leaves appear, and the leaves are small. graceful and rather dense upon the plant. It does well in a shady place. Clematis paniculata is a dense, vigorous vine that blooms freely in autumn. The flowers are white, in clusters, fragrant and very showy. They are succeeded by attractive clusters of apendaged seeds that remain on until winter. A very beautiful, delicate biennial vine for a shaded place is Adlumia Cirrhosa. This vine becomes a strong plant the first season, and the second season grows thriftily to the height of 15 or 20 feet, covered with clusters of delicate pink flowers. The foliage is as handsome as a Fern, and the plant is always much admired. All of these vines must be provided with a trellis. All may be propagated from seeds, but as they germinate tardily it is generally better to buy the plants already started.

TWO HARDY HYDRANGEAS.

ANY years ago, when Hydrangea paniculata was introduced from Japan, it was heralded as the most beautiful and desirable of all autumn-blooming shrubs, and in a large degree it merited the praise so freely bestowed upon it. Autumn-blooming shrubs are scarce, but in this handsome Hydrangea we have a shrub free from insects, perfectly hardy, and sure to bloom. The small white flowers come in immense pyramidal panicles and last until long after the snows of winter have come to whiten the faded flowers with their fleecy crystals. For many years this shrub had no rival for lawn decora-

tion, and it met with an immense sale, which it justly deserved. At last, however, a new grand, hardy Hydrangea originated in America, and was introduced under the name of Hydrangea arborescens sterilis. Most shrub fanciers were acquainted with the common Hydrangea arborescens, which exhibited its flower clusters only in July, showing a margin of large, white sterile flow. ers, and a center of fertile flowers which were inconspicuous and of a green color. The new variety, however, was composed altogether of large sterile flowers, and the heads, often one foot or more in diameter, appeared like great fluffy snowballs, surpassing in showiness

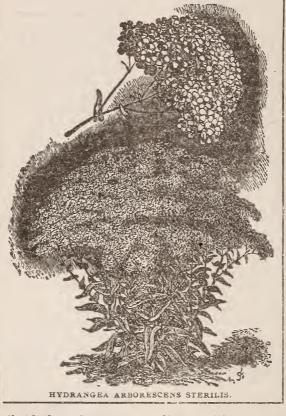
and grandeur anything that had ever been seen in the way of a Hydrangea. These two splendid shrubs supplement each other, the American blooming in midsummer and continuing the display until the Japanese Hydrangea develops its big white cones of bloom. The flowers of both of these Hydrangeas fade after they have been in perfection for many days, but they do not fall off. They are retained until they are cut off, or until the repeated vibrations caused by the wind loosen them and they blow away. But if the clusters are cut off when they fade and are dried, then dyed with some aniline dyes, they can be used for room decoration during the winter months, when the shrubs outdoors are leafless, and the garden is covered with a mantle of snow.

The culture of these shrubs is very simple. To get the best results set the plants in deep. rich, moist soil, where they will be partially shaded, especially at midday. Early in spring, before the buds begin to push, cut the tops off to within one foot or even less of the ground. Young, vigorous shoots will immediately push up, which will bear the big flower clusters at the summit. If preferred, the cutting back need not be so severe, in which case the flowers will come a little earlier, but will not be so large and attractive, though perhaps more numerous. After the leaves fall in autumn mulch the ground about the plants with stable manure, and dig this into the soil when the ground is ready to work in the spring. This

> will insure sufficient fertilizer, and promote the most satisfactory results. The plants bloom when quite small, and become stronger and more attractive with age. They are very easily transplanted, and may be purchased and successfully planted at any time during the summer season. The illustration shows a plant and cluster of the American Hydrangea

> Manettia Bicolor.-This very pretty vine blooms in summer, and under favorable conditions will bloom at times even during the winter. The flowers are small, scarlet, and not unlike Cuphea platycentra in form. The plant likes a moist, rather warm atmosphere, and in an

ordinary potting compost with good drainage will thrive and bloom almost continuously during the summer. It should have a little trellis for support, and when the plant is small it is well to take out the tip in order to make it branch and produce a number of vines to cover the trellis. It delights in partial shade.



Spots on Geraniums.-When brown spots appear on the foliage of Geraniums the trouble is due to a fungus. Gather and burn the affected leaves as soon as they appear, and stir some lime and sulphur into the surface soil about the plants. Also dust the remaining foliage with dry lime and sulphur, equal parts mixed, applying it through a dust bag so as to get it evenly distributed.

SOME RARE PERENNIALS.

PERENNIAL which deserves better notice is Michauxia campanulata. Several plants grew from a package, and were slow in becoming large enough to transplant; but this spring they developed into glossy, rich, spreading specimens.

Salvia globosa is a wooly creation spreading its odd-shaped leaves far over the ground. Each leaf seems covered with frosted silver plush, and forms a perfect carpet. I shall

watch eagerly for its flowers.

Salvia Prætensis has a more upright growth, rich green leaves, and at this date, May, is budded. Both were raised from seeds.



REHMANNIA ANGULATA.

Rehmannia angulata is another perennial too little known. I sowed a package out-of-doors quite late. Several plants grew and bloomed. I lifted the most shapely one. It bloomed all winter, sending up fine spikes of Incarvillealike flowers, each flower lasting several days. Excepting the long tube, they would remind you of Gloxinias. I think this would be hardy with protection, yet it is so desirable for the house that I would not wish to risk it.

Mrs. G. W. Bain.

Nassau, N. Y., May 22, 1916.

Salvia Praetensis.—This is a very beautiful flower seldom seen in gardens, yet of the easiest culture, and perfectly hardy. Mine blooms in June, and occasionally all through the summer and until hard frosts put an end to its growing. It is one of the plants I could not do without. It is easily raised from seeds, and grows and blooms well in almost any soil or situation; flowers rich violet blue in long spikes.

Rev. Geo. A. Fuller.

Greenwich Village, Mass., Sept. 24, 1915.

Seedling Ferns.—Last year I got a five-cent packet of seedling Ferns and raised four varieties. Three of them were new to me, and I could not name them. I had many plants of the beautiful Maidenhair Fern.

Lima, O., Oct. 23, 1915. Esther Schnell.

DOUBLE PETUNIAS.

HAD several plants of Double Petunia in the house last winter, and how they bloomed! I had ten blossoms on one little plant. They were never without flowers, but bloomed all winter long, until I cut them back to bed the other day. I applied ammonia once a week, about one teaspoonful to two gallons of water. I have tried to take up the plants from the garden, but cannot get them to

live; so, I just break off the slips and insert in dirt. Almost every one will grow; in fact, I lost only one from 17 slips. They make an ideal house-plant, considering how easy they grow, their many colors, such as red, white, purple and variegated, and their



delicious fragrance. I have many house-plants, Ferns, etc., but I love my Petunias. If you have none, try them by all means, for if you can grow Geraniums you can grow Petunias. They are so nice to put with a fancy leaf on your muff in winter, when every one else is wearing artificial flowers. Miss Ida Bass.

Armour, S. D., May 20, 1916.

Sweet Peas Too Deep.—A reader of the Magazine told how to have the best success with Sweet Peas. Her way was to plow furrows 16 inches deep, fill trenches partly full of fertilizer, then put in some soil, plant the Peas, finish filling the trench gradually as the Peas grow. Now, that plan may do for Colorado soil, but to my sorrow I have found it fails in some soils. I tried it last spring, and the soil being loose and sandy it kept filling in, and where I have been having very good Sweet Peas in former years this year they were a total failure, owing, I think, to being covered too deep and smothered out.

Mesick, Mich. Mrs. J. Robinson.

Spirea Anthony Waterer:—This is a low-growing shrub bearing clusters of dark red flowers in abundance, blooming more or less throughout the season. In autumn part of the growth is variegated pink and yellow. The fading clusters should be cut off to encourage continuous blooming. Spirea callosa alba is like Anthony Waterer, but bears white flowers.

Mrs. F. J. Coombs.

Castine, Me.

Iris.—Three new varieties of Iris bloomed this spring in my garden for the first time. Not knowing the names I shall try to describe them to you. One was pure white standard with white falls, rayed with violet. One had smoke-colored standards, the falls pink, rayed with yellow, yellow edge. The other has cream standards splashed with violet falls, violet rayed with white and cream edge. There are many new and rare Iris grown now by florists. Geauga Co., O., June 10, 1916.

AMARYLLIS FORMOSISSIMA.

LACED FELICITOUSLY where it will receive the light of a certain afternoon hour, I have this Lily (June 6th) growing in my yard. Daily I watch the elongation of the pencil-shaped buds, which already have assumed a tinge of high scarlet. Throbbing with life are these furled and pendent symbols of an unknown life—a life of the tropical jungle, and intensely interesting to me as they enlarge and tug at their bonds, hour by hour, in the gradual absorption of upward-climbing elements from the parent bulb. At last, when



the clasping petals of the chalice can no longer sustain the pressure from within, at the very moment when the proper condition is reached for unfoldment, then, like tiny feet balanced on the edge of the precipice of an unfamiliar world, will the first red Lily open.

It has opened! Today (June 7th), at the passing of the hour

which corresponds to the month of June on the annual dial, the first flower unfolded its six glowing petals outward very slowly, and the birth of the immaculate flower was happily complete. Did the flower know at what moment it would expand? Minute by minute, pregnant with the knowledge of growth and preparation for the inevitable, dropped by heedlessly, until the final moment arrived.

This "Religious Lily." this Lily of God, is to me the most beautiful of all the Amaryllis family. Never another has that grand tinge of ruby-vermilion on the tips of the petals, like a spot of sunlight through a colored glass; never another carries itself so faultlessly. The purewhite stripes that fail just before they reach the edge; the immense coolness and "distance" of the secluded rich-green heart of the flower; the tri-colored stamens and pistil-all are perfect! I have never found pleasure in measuring the size of a flower down to the tenth of an inch. I would much rather sit in front of it in contemplation; and in this I am a Hindu. This flower suggests many things to me, but I think it looks most like a great tropical spider with distended abdomen, after a hearty meal. It has the odor of fresh rainwater.

Small wonder that this particular flower, the home of which is amid the mournful forests, creeper-hung, of Mexico and Guatemala, stead-fastly refuses to mix with any other kind! There has never been a hybrid. This Lily in itself is quite unmatchable. It needs no improvement made upon it by mere man. It is the soul of the Scarlet Chief who dwells within the sun. Will Thompson.

Baltimore, Md., June 6, 1916.

APPLYING NITRATE OF SODA.

HAVE read several times of using nitrate of soda on house plants, and in the last Floral Magazine mention was made of putting the granules on dry and dissolving them with the water that was turned on them. I have used a lot of it, but would not dare to use it like that. If it is used in liquid form, three tablespoonfuls in a twelve quart pail of water (one level spoon to a gallon of water), and as much of the water used on the plants as is ordinarily put on when watering, the results will be most happy. My "John" handles fertilizers in this locality, and so we always have a bag of nitrate on tap. Last month a heavy rainstorm came up one day, and I hastily got into my coat and issued forth with a big basin of nitrate. I scattered it thinly over everything in the yard, Roses, Phlox, Shrubs, Dahlias, seed-plants, Pæonies, etc. It rained hard for two days, and how things did grow! Only, I got the stuff on the foliage of one small, delicate Pæony, and now I haven't any Pæony in that particular spot. It's an ideal way to use it outdoors, but for house plants the liquid form is best. Harriet.

Herkimer Co., N. Y., June 10, 1916.

The Iris.-The different kinds, Japan, German, and Spanish, are all very beautiful, and once established will take care of themselves, and bloom nicely during their season. All classes like a moist location, where they grow to perfection. The Japan Iris like a rich, deep soil, with lots of water. They generally give their finest flowers about the second season, as they must be well established to give the best results. The German and Spanish varieties are easily grown, and bloom nicely when well supplied with water. A single root in a few years will make a fine clump. Besides being a fine outdoor and garden plant, these bulbs do well in pots when treated similar to Hyacinths, Tulips, etc. When you want a satisfactory plant easily grown for your garden, don't forget the Iris.

Richmond, Va. Alvin McAuley.

Mariposa Lily.—The Sago, or Sego, or Mariposa Lily is found native in nearly all of the western States, and varies in color according to location. They are mostly red, pale blue and white. One or two leaves come up, then the flower stalk, bearing from two to six buds, which open in rotation. They are not the Texas Rain Lily.

Yucca, Ariz., May 1, 1916. Mrs. B.

Perennial Pea.—The Perennial Pea bears loads of flowers from May until a hard black freeze. It is the last of October, and yet the vines are covered with bright blossoms. They are so hardy that they live forever, I guess. They don't need much care, only some soapy water occasionally.

Elba, N. Y. Mrs. Bert Dornan.

PAEONIES.

CANNOT describe the beauty of the gorgeous Pæonies, some of which bloomed for the first time in my garden. I try to add to my collection each year. I do not have the names, but will say that first to bloom is the old-fashioned Red Pæony, gorgeous and showy. Then later a clear white with central petals flecked with red; another white with white center and guards of pink; a full double mauve, blooms very prolific; then a single red



P. TENUIFOLIA.

with a cluster of yellow stamens as large as a teacup; a large double pink, a pink with tall tufted center, another pink one with salmon petals in center. I had eight fine varieties, and there were some that did not bloom

this year, as they were only set out last fall. I would like a row of Pæonies half a mile long.

Geauga Co., O., June 17, 1916. Ima.

[Note.—The old Double Red Pæony is Pæonia officinalis, of which there are now pink and white varleties. An earlier herbaceous Pæony is P. tenuifolia, crimson, double and single; still earlier we have Pæonia moutan, the shrubby Tree Pæony. All of these are hardy, but the Tree Pæony develops its buds so early that unless protected on cold nights the flowers are ruined by frost.—Ed.]

Zinnias.—In the May issue of the Magazine I read an article on Zinnias. Yet how few know how to get the really good results in growing them. One of the chief points in growing really double flowers is to remove all of the very first flowers to open, and any and all inferior blossoms showing thereafter. To get the very best flowers they should be gone over at the least every other day, and every blossom not perfectly double removed; and the seeds should never be saved from any but the very Mrs. C. Bly. choicest flowers.

Yucca, Ariz., June 7, 1916.

[Note.—Any plants bearing single or semi-double flowers, or flowers of undesirable colors, should be pulled up and discarded. The first flowers are often inferior, however, and a plant should not be condemned until it has had time to show its true character. acter.-Ed.]

Browallia.-A bed of blue Browallia, raised from a five-cent package of seeds, has been greatly admired by all who have seen it. The fairy-like flowers made their appearance early in the spring, and a second crop, which came from seeds dropped by the first, is still blooming in the yard. Mrs. S. F. Acree.

Whitesboro, Tex., Dec. 26, 1915.

Whitesboro, Tex., Dec. 26, 1915.
[Note.—All of the Browallias are splendid for winter-blooming in the window at the North, and in the garden at the South. B. speciosa has the largest flowers, and is the most attractive, but all of the species and varieties are sure-blooming and handsome. B. elata compacta, B. Roezli and B. speciosa should have a place in every winter-blooming collection. The plants are easily grown from seeds or cuttings, and if started this month they will be fine blooming specimens for the window by winter.—Ed.]

PESTS OF ALL KINDS.

HIS MONTH brings us a host of beautiful flowers, not least among them being Asters, Daisies and Dahlias. These seem to be the special food for the Aster beetle and a few other kinds of insects. To get rid of the bugs that drop from the plants at the least touch, I find useful a cup of water in a wide-mouthed can, with a half cup of coal oil added. I place the can under the flower or plant, gently turn the head over, and slightly inside the can, give the flower a quick shake, and the enemy drops in. This way will be found much surer of getting results, than by using either pyrethrum or arsenate of lead.

For root-lice, cut-worms, ants and other pests

that infest the soil, get a bag of hydrated lime, sprinkle very thinly over the ground between the plants, and use a rake or hand-weeder to mix the earth and lime thoroughly. This not only gets rid of the pest, but also sweetens the soil as well. Don't use too much lime the first time. Use



ROOT-LOUSE. little at a time, but use it quite frequently.

There is a pest called the "flower beggar" that only wants your flowers when they are in full bloom, and then there is the "flower lover" that is often mistaken for the pest. It is for these that I keep a number of slips of house plants rooted (a "lover" only wants a little slip, so as to watch it grow), and always sow more annual seeds than can be used in the garden. In the fall and early spring it is no trouble at all to divide the hardy plants. It does the plants good, and helps to make another home beautiful. By giving freely, a "beggar" might be made a "lover," and a "pest" converted into a "friend." And no joy is like the joy of giving. J. W. C.

Webster Groves, Mo., June 8, 1916.

Anchusa Italica.—This has proven a very beautiful plant in my garden. The past season it grew four feet high, and was covered with very beautiful sprays of blue flowers.

Rev. Geo. A. Fuller.

Greenwich, Mass., Sept. 24, 1915.

[Note.—The specimens of Anchusa Italica, Dropmore variety, were wonderfully attractive and beautiful in the gardens at La Park, this season. They showed masses of the richest blue flowers, eliciting the admiration and praise of all who saw them. Seeds sown now will make fine blooming plants next year, and the young plants are perfectly hardy. This Anchusa is among the good perennials, and should be better known.—Ed.]

A Window Box.-In a pink window box plant variegated Vinca or white and green Tradescantia along the margin, and pink-flowered Begonia Erfordi and pink Geraniums in the body, with Sweet Alyssum between. The dark Tradescantia zebrina and Trailing Lantana also appear well together.

Mrs. Maddox.

Elberton, Ga., March 13, 1916.

PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE.

OLD GARDEN HERBS AND PLANTS.

by E WILL take a stroll today up to the old orchard where my grandfather built his little log cabin more than a hundred years ago. Here, above the orchard, is the old cellar hole, and a fragment of the wall around which is growing purple Columbine and Pennyroyal; and here, beside the little brook running past the old houseplace are still growing the mints—Peppermint, Spearmint, Horsemint, and Bergamot. The old-fashioned double red Roses have run rampant through the orchard and out beyond, where they have gone on blooming for more than a century.

Farther down the stream, where the land is moist, we find growing an herb of many names, called Boneset, Thorowort, Indian Sage, Crosswort, Feverfew and Indian Ague Weed. The old Indian medicine man made great use of Boneset mixed with other herbs and barks, and brewed in his tepee as a medicine for the cure of nearly all the ills of his tribe, and which, no doubt, was more beneficial than many of the pills and powders we have in use today. Boneset (Eupatorium perfoliatum) is too well-known to need a full description, but of one peculiarity I will speak: It is easily known by its leaves, which stand out crosswise,



the stalk seeming to run up through them. When in bloom it has a large, bushy top of white blossoms. It is a valuable herb, and when on our tramps over hillsides and through pastures, we have a friendly feeling for the bushy white heads, and gather a few armfuls each year to add to our herb collection.

Now we will meander off down to the pasture fence. Here we find growing another valuable plant, a native of the New England States, and often transferred to our gardens. This is Bloodroot (Sanguinaria Canadensis), generally known as Red Puccoon. It appears very early in spring, growing but a few inches high, with smooth stems and large, smooth leaves. Each stem or leaf bears a beautiful white blossom. The root is the part used for medicine, and is a very valuable tonic combined with other agents. We found a few roots several years ago growing by the roadside, and transferred them to our wild garden.

Here, in another old-fashioned garden, we

find a low plant, rough-leaved, and bearing beautiful, bright blue, star-shaped flowers. This is Borage (Borrago officinalis), a garden herb raised in my grandfather's garden when I was a child. The leaves when cooked make excellent greens. Some 20 years ago it escaped from my garden, and I have failed to find it since.

Comfrey is another old-time garden favorite. It comes up early every spring, has large, rough leaves, and spikes of white bell-shaped flowers. This, too, is excellent when cooked for greens. It is a native of Europe, but has for many years been cultivated in our gardens for its medicinal properties. The root is the part used.

Mrs. S. M. Boyce.

Washington Co., Vt., July 6, 1916. [Concluded next month.]

Mammoth Zinnias .- Why does one so seldom see the large, worth-while Zinnias? It seems as though every one raises the single and dwarf sorts. Why? The varieties of large, mammoth Zinnias, Robusta Plenissima. are so easy to grow, and make such a show in the garden! One who has never seen the new sorts, such as white striped with scarlet, etc., and the frilled, crested and curled ones, has a treat in store. The plain white, scarlet, canary, pink and orange ones are also grand. They look almost like Dahlias. They grow in the dry, hot season as well as any time. The hot winds of South Dakota do not seem to hurt them. We plant them in a long bed, two rows wide, in May, and thin them out as they grow, leaving them about a foot apart.

Miss Ida Bass.

Armour, S. D., May 20, 1916.

Growing Perennials from Seeds .- Last year I sent for twelve different kinds of perennial seeds. I had some of each kind except two or three which did not show a plant, but the Columbine bloomed this spring and was truly beautiful. There must have been ten or twelve different colors. They have been in bloom for almost four weeks and now, June 18, there are still a few blossoms. The Foxgloves and Canterbury Bells are now out, and the Hardy Cosmos just finished a couple of weeks ago. These plants have aroused the admiration of the entire neighborhood, and for the busy woman who has but little time to give to flowers and who loves to see them—and who does not?—I would say, plant the seeds of the hardy perennial for most returns. They had but little care, receiving no cultivation at all this year, and yet have repaid me a hundred-Mrs. B. F. R.

Terre Haute, Ind., June 18, 1916.

Sego Lily.—In the petrified forest south and east of Holbrook, Ariz., is found a pale yellow Sego Lily, or Wild Turnip, the first ones the writer had ever seen. Can they be found elsewhere, and are there any other colors except scarlet, blue and white?

Yucca, Ariz., June 7, 1916. Mrs. C. Bly.

FLORAL NOTES.

Platycodon.—In my garden last year were glowing Poppies, splendid Roses, banks of snowy Chrysanthemums, and many other beautiful flowers, but to my thinking the blue Platycodon, with its big starry blossoms, was the loveliest of them all. Sharlie F. Acree.

Whitesboro, Tex., Dec. 26, 1915.

Lobelia.—I sowed a packet of mixed Lobelia seeds last year and had plants bearing blue, pink and white flowers The colors blended beautifully together. I had the plants in a hanging basket, and received first prize at our county fair. They are showy and graceful as basket plants, and also appear well when grown in a pot.

G. W. Reimer.

Rockland Co., N. Y., Dec. 16, 1915.

Columbines.—My seedling Columbines were lovely. From two packets of seeds i raised over 40 strong plants. They bloomed the second year. I find all my seedling perennials stand the winter best if planted early in the spring. Then they are good, strong plants when cold weather comes.

Mrs W. C. Holmes.

Great Barrington, Mass., Jan. 22, 1916.

Anthemis Kelwayi.—This hardy perennial blooms the first season from seeds, and will almost take care of itself. It is perfectly hardy and improves with age. The color is a beautiful, soft yellow, flowers Daisy-like in form, and produced in great profusion.

Rev. Geo. A. Fuller.

Greenwich Village, Mass.

Vinca Rosea.—1 want to say that I think there is nothing that will endure the hot dry summer better than Vinca rosea. From a mixed packet I had flowers all through the summer, when other things died.

Lena Sta., La. S. C. Reed.

Tritoma.—This plant, known as Red-hot Poker, is of the easiest culture, thriving in



poor, dry soil, without care. It always gives an abundance of flowers, beginning to bloom in August, and blooming continually until November and December. I know of no better plant

for thriving in poor soil, and it gives such a wealth of blossoms.

L. E. H.

Douglas Co., Oreg

Jerusalem Cherry.—Last fall I had a Jerusalem Cherry which was purchased in an ornamental basket with a Fern or two, all growing in a small bit of earth. The plants were very pretty till late in winter, when the Cherry seemed to die, all leaves turning brown and dropping off, only dry stalks remaining. However, in spring I reset the old stalk in an outdoor bed, and this fall it is a fine, healthy plant, covered with thick foliage, and many green and red "cherries." I shall again use it as a winter ornament for my table.

Flower Lover.

Geauga Co., O., Nov. 3, 1915.

Calendulas:—My Calendulas have been the cause of much comment, many persons inquiring the name of them. I gave a bouquet of them to help decorate a Chautauqua platform last July, and they kept fresh and pretty nearly the whole week. We had almost every shade of yellow known, I think.

Mrs. J. A. Harbison.

Stillwater, Okla., Nov. 3, 1915.

[Note.—Seeds of Calendula sown this month will produce plants that will bloom during September. October and November. The flowers do not mind the autumn frosts, and are rivals of the late Chrysanthemums until the snows of winter appear.—Ed.]

Canterbury Bells.—This year was the first time I have had Canterbury Bells, but it will not be the last time. The colors I had were purple, lavender and pure white, and some of them were double. The white ones were like wax. They were greatly admired by all who saw them. I'm sure when once tried they will be one of the "must haves."

Mrs. J. Robinson.

Mesick, Mich., Dec. 6, 1915.

Perennial Peas.—From a package of mixed climbers I raised among others one Perennial Pea. It spread over the woven wire fence, and was covered with large blossems in fine clusters until almost Christmas. A number of heavy frosts were unable to kill it. It was still in bloom when almost every bush was bare. I will include a packet of Perennial Peas in my next order.

Caroline Amum.

De Soto, Neb., Dec. 29, 1915.

Calliopsis. - Perhaps some of the read-



ers of this Magazine do not know that the Calliopsis is a native of our western prairie states. They come up after a heavy rain, and blossom and bear seeds in a very short time. In places that are

irrigated all they need is a small corner of yard or lawn sowed thickly in the fall, and given plenty of water in the spring. They will take care of themselves, year after year, and are fully as pretty as the cultivated ones.

Yucca, Ariz., June 7, 1916. Mrs. C. B.

Perennial Pea.—I can recommend the Perennial Pea to all lovers of flowers, for ease of culture and for beauty. When once started it will increase in size and attractiveness year after year, requiring no care but to be kept free from weeds and given a support, for which I use woven wire. It is one of my favorites.

Callaway, Neb. Iola Lutz.

[Note.—The Perennial Pea not only blooms continuously throughout summer and autumn, but the cut flowers with the accompanying sprays of foliage are elegant as vase bouquets for room decoration. If their beauty when thus utilized were better known, this elegant Pea would be as popular as the Sweet Pea.—Ed.]



AT AUGUST'S SHRINE.

The sunshine gilds the mountain tops,
The new-mown meadow's tinged with brown
Among the green, and now and then
A reddened leaf drops down
At August's shrine.

The lazy river runs along
Its lonely lily-padded bed.
The orchards lay their choicest gifts,
Yellow and rich and red,
At August's shrine.

The children pluck the Aster Half-hid in weeds and sod, And weave them into garlands With sprays of Goldenrod At August's shrine.

Ol children of the woods and fields, Ol tranquil skies, divinest blue. Ol richest gifts of fruit and flowers. I love you all and worship, too, At August's shrine.

Center Point, W. Va. Dan Sweeney.

LITTLE THINGS.

Little things, ay, little things, Make up the sum of life; A word, a look, a single tone, May lead to calm or strife.

A word may part the dearest friend, One little, unkind word, Which, in some light, ungaurded hour, The heart with anger stirred.

A look will sometimes send a pang Of anguish to the heart; A tone will often cause the tear In sorrow's eye to start.

One little act of kindness done, One little soft word spoken, Hath power to wake a thrill of joy, E'en in a heart that's broken.

Then let us watch these little things,
And so respect each other,
That not a word, a look or tone
May wound a friend or brother.
Richmond, Va.
Alvin McAuley.

THE BEAUTY OF THE MORN.

Come, slumberer, rouse you from your sleep, For now appears the dawn; The night's dark shadows backward creep, And on the night begins to peep The beauty of the morn.

Awake! you know not what you miss, For on the field and lawn The beams of light the dewdrops kiss, And nothing can compare with this— The beauty of the morn.

The air is cool and all is calm,
And peace anew is born;
O'er all the life a soothing balm
Is spread, and this calls forth a psalm,
The beauty of the morn.
Wilton, N. H., Feb. 4, 1916.

J. L. Perham.

TO A CARNATION.

Oh, fragrant posy! sweet and pure Carnation!
White innocence, thou'rt shortly doomed to die.
Would that I knew the language of the flowers,
To tell thee of this vanity of ours
That caused it that thou drooping here must lie.

Oh, lovely flower! queen of all creation!
Who yesterday wert nursed by mother earth,
I do regret that thou must die for me
To gratify my taste; 'tis vanity
That'll cause thy death, not merriment or mirth.

Oh, that I had the magic power! I'd put
Thee back upon thy stem again, and let
Thee stand and grow in all thy queenly beauty;
Thou hast offended none, nor slighted duty;
For man's vain passion thou this fate hast met.

Though thou art withered, no one needs lament,
Thy lot has been the lot of many a flower.
Though thou art dying, I do envy thee,
Thy life was one of spotless purity.
Thou wert exempt from every evil power.

In life thou hadst no care to burden thee, For nature clothed thee well and gave thee food. Thou hadst no disappointment, grief or pain, And sorrow did not haunt, like mine, thy brain. And dying conscience does not gloom thy mood.

Thou camest as memory of mother dear—
Thou wert brought here to gladden drooping hearts;
Thou hast fulfilled thy mission and must die.
Would I were thee and in thy place couldst lie!
But much I'll suffer ere my life departs.

Farewell, then, sweet Carnation! lovely flower!
No more shall dew be sparkling in thy face.
No more shall zephyr kiss thy petals white,
Nor rain nor sunshine shall be thy delight,
But other flowers shall grow and take thy place.
Chelsea, Okla.

Jacob Thiessen, Jr.

PARTINGS.

Yes, there are hours of anguish
That we can ne'er forget;
Our tears and sighs may vanish,
But we feel their traces yet;
And evermore they linger,
Those shadows deep and dark,
Engraved as with an iron pen
On the tablets of the heart.
They are the hours of parting
With those we hold most dear,
Whose voice has power to charm our heart
As music charms the ear;
Congenial spirts bound to ours
By Friendship's golden chain,
What thought can chase the gloom that lowers
But the hope to meet again.

What thought can chase the gloom that low But the hope to meet again. But in these hours of parting We'll yield not to despair, Though friend from friend be severed wide God's arm is everywhere. We may not know of the future here, Save that light and shadows blend, But we know in Heaven's bright portals Parting scenes shall have an end.

Randolph, Vt.

Mrs. A. J. Foster.

TWO FLOWERS.

Two flowers bring to mind of joys and woes, The height and depth, the hilltop and the vale; When opens in its pride the Black Prince rose, Her fair hands lightly clasp the altar rail.

The fairy buds, the countless fragrant bells
Unfold sweet stories of the summer day;
To me the Grand Duke jasmine always tells
Of marble hands holding a starry spray.
Shelbyville, Ind.
Alonzo L. Rice.

THE PINE TREE'S STORY.

Oh, lonely green Pine, why murmur all day? When we understand not a word that you say. What tale are you whispering softly and low? We'll keep it a secret if you'll have it kept so. Oh, tell us just why you always live here In this great empty grove, lonely and drear? Some wonderful story I am sure you can tell Of the birds and the flowers that come here to dwell.

The stately green Pine looking wonderingly down Into two eager faces so ruddy and brown, To the children it said: "You've guessed it quite There's a beautiful story I'm longing to tell [well, To all the dear children who visit me here In this lonely abode at this time of the year. It is this I'm whispering all the day long, Yet few are there who can interpret my song.

"You wonder why I in my somber green dress Should outlive my friendly, good neighbors, I guess. Why all that is tender and lovely should die, And leave here a poor relic so rugged as I. I, too, have a mission, which I know you'll com-The duty assigned me I'll disclose in the end. [mend; But first I shall tell of this home of mine, Its beauty and grandeur in the early springtime.

"This grove with its chambers as you see them now

Is the home of a goddess from a far distant land.
She visits here yearly and brings in her train
Woodnymphs and fairies to grace her fair reign.
The first of her duties she deftly performs—
She clears from the chambers the wreck of the
[storms.

The winds, her fair agents, with swiftness obey, They search every crevice and make no delay.

"A lovely, wide canopy grotesquely made From myriad shave leaflets of fanciful shade, Stretched from each chamber in architectural line, The great dome of a palace befiting a shrine. The daintiest green carpet that ever was laid, Is woven by fairies into lovely brocade, Where spread through the length and breadth of the A bewitching, fair place for a goddess to rove. [grove,

"Through lengthy, dark corridors draped in bright [green, With the tender young grapevine hung lightly for [screen, The sweet-scented Woodbine there plays with the [breeze, time with [the bees.]

And when all is made ready in this spacious home, With the sunbeams playing through the rifts in the [dome,

This lovely, rich goddess with graceful, light step Steals softly to where the flowers have slept.

"Then quickly she summons her rare gifted powers, And lo! from their beds rise the fair lovely flowers; While the goddess there waits in stateliness grand To welcome each one of the happy faced band. Now the first to awake from a deep sleep, The damty, pure Snowdrop timidly peeps; The tender young Violet then bows her fair head, In sweet, queenly modesty she rises from bed.

"Till a host of bright faces appear on the scene,
The loyal, fair subjects of a bright, happy queen;
While each in her new-born fragrance so sweet
Blushingly nods obeisance so meek.
Then lo! at the dawn in the dreamy, sweet hush,
On the breath of the morn comes a song from the
[Thrush,
The bright plumaged songsters, the goddess' fair
[guest
Arrives in due season at the hostess' request.

"And now, my dear children, I shall tell you the rest, Concluding the story of the fair goddess, When summer is ended fair autumn draws nigh, Her splendid approach is foretold in the sky, Proclaimed through the grove emblazoned in gold, And everywhere stationed are heralds quite bold, Thus warning the goddess to prepare in due time To hie to her court in a tropical clime.

"Then quickly she flees from the scene of her reign, With every fair guest in the rear of her train; While the grove left deserted, a place of turmoil, Where boldly rude winter hastens for spoil. But the flowers the goddess puts them to sleep. And this is my mission, a loving watch keep, To sheld them with my wide sheltering arms From savage, bold winter's cold, blasting storms." Manassas, Va. Lorna Louise Nicol.

THE LILIES OF THE FIELD.

The Saviour's flowers! How pure and fair Those simple "Lilies of the Field;" How sweet as incense to the air, Their fragrant snow-white blossoms yield!

Not Solomon in glory bright In gorgeous and in gold array Was such a fair and wondrous sight As in their modest beauty, they!



They weave not the white robes they wear; They toil not, neither do they spin; No burdens like frail man they bear, For, unlike him, they know not sin.

Oh, emblems fair, oh, emblems sweet, Of Christian humbleness of heart! May we, as pure, at Heaven's feet Sit low, and "choose the better part."

That to the "meek in heart" alone
Is by the Great Redeemer given;
That brings us kneeling to His throne,
Throws wide the Golden Gafes of Heaven.
Richmond, Va.
Alvin McAuley

WISHES.

A wish, for thee, my cherished friend,
Permit me here to trace,
If in the wreath that friendship twines
So small a bud has place.
But shall I ask the splendor, rare,
Golconda's mine can give?
Ask that shadows ne'er may darken
Thy pathway while you live?
Oh, nof for all earth's richest gems
True peace can never lend;
And shadows filt o'er the sunniest path
And will till time shall end.
Then I'll crave for thee those higher joys
That Jesus gives His own;
His smile to cheer life's pilgrimage,
His dwelling place thy home.
Randolph, Vt.
Mrs. A. J. Foster

WHAT WONDROUS WORDS.

What wondrous words, strung by a master's hand! As charming as the call of woodland birds, Or like old ocean breaking on shell-strewn strand; What wondrous words!

Dove notes, pine whispers, evening low of herds; The wailing winds sweeping prairies grand; The shepherd's tune, as he pipes beside his curds;

Love's vows beneath the Palm trees lightly fanned; Or, her song of farewell as her soldier girds Her love for the battle at his home's command. What wondrous words!

Shelbyville, Ind. Alonzo Rice.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SOW PANSIES.

I want your subscription to Park's Floral Magazine continued, and for only 25 cents will send the Magazine and ten packets of the finest special mixtures, as below. Now is the time to sow these seeds.

White, embracing pure white with an ey white slightly shaded and tinted, white with spots, etc.,

Blue, embracing dark blue, dark violet, rich purple, and blue margined, shaded, blotched, etc., very handsome,

Shaded, embracing all the leading colors margined, shaded and rayed in superb and charming contrast; many light and beautiful tints as well as rich shades,

Yellow, embracing rich pure yellow, golden yellow, yellow with eye, yellow with spots, yellow shaded, etc.,

Azure, embracing the handsome new shades of light blue, azure, ultramarine and lavender blue, very strikingly marked and tinted,

Red. embracing bright red, rosy red, rich scarlet, and red with tints, shadings, etc.,

Black, embracing coal black, blue black, dark violet blue, jet black, purplish black, etc.,

Blotched, showing ground colors with spots and blotches in peculiar and striking contrast; marvelous in size, form and odd markings,

Striped, embracing a great variety of colors, all distinctly striped, flaked and splashed; they cannot be excelled,

Mixed, embracing a variety of superb shades and markings not included in the above varities, as plain and fancy faces of orange, lilac, bronze, peacock, violet, etc.; rare and beautiful varieties mixed.

All of these mixtures are specially prepared from finest named sorts. Thus 25 cents will bring you the ten packets above listed, and this Magazine a year. Five lots and five subscriptions for \$1.00. May I not have your subscription? Tell your friends. Get up a club. Address

GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa.

Five Splendid Clumps in Five Finest Colors, Together with Park's Floral Magazine a Year, for only 15 Cents.

Now is the time to plant the rare and beautiful Double French Buttercups, illustrated in the May Magazine. The flowers are as large as Poppies, double to the center, are of the richest texture, and exceedingly attractive. A group of them in a pot or garden bed is truly glorious, and calls forth enthusiastic admiration. This is a most liberal offer of these charming flowers. Don't fail to subscribe this month and get this splendid premium. The colors are Pure White, Bright Rose, Rich Carmine, Glowing Scarlet, and Golden Yellow, one clump of each (5 clumps). Order and plant this month. If a subscriber, order the Magazine to a friend, the Buttercups to you.

GET UP A CLUB.—Why not get up a club and have enough of the tubers to plant a big garden bed. I will mail you 50 clumps of tubers (10 of each color) for a club of 10 subscribers (\$1.50) and mail 5 clumps to each subscriber. If you do not get 10 subscribers I will mail you 5 clumps for every subscriber you secure. Please go to work at once and secure a big club.

scriber you secure. Please go to work at once and secure a big clnb.

Address GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Lancaster Co., Pa.

Plants for Winter Blooming. Bulbs and



Four Freesias and Two Zephyranthes may be grouped in a six-inch pot. One Bermuda Easter Lily or one Buttercup Oxalis will occupy a six-inch pot. I will send the eight bulbs with full cultural direcsend the eight bulos with full cultural directions and Park's Floral Magazine a year for only 30 cents. For a club of five subscriptions, with this premium (\$1.50), I will send a Crinum Powelli, a beautiful, easily-grown plant, price 25 cents, or for eight subscriptions (\$2.00) a Johnsoni Amaryllis, if a fine bulb of Vallota purpurea, an Amaryllis, like plant of great beauty easily Amaryllis-like plant of great beauty, easily sure to bloom. the and collection without Easter Lily, seven bulbs, for 15 cents.

SURE-BLOOMING PLANTS for WINTER-

Coides, Primula Sinensis Fringed, Begonia robusta, pink; B. Sandersoni, pink; B. Speculata, hybrid Rex; B. Semperflorens, white; B. Erfordii, pink; Impatiens Sultana, Heterocentron album. These are all fine, well-rooted plants, sure to bloom in winter. There are none better for the ameteur's window. are none better for the amateur's window. Make your selection at once.

GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa.

k's Fall List of Bulbs, Plants,

I have published a List of Choice Bulbs, Plants and Seeds for autumn planting. It gives directions and prices of many things, together with numerous illustrations and cultural hints. Write to me for a free copy. When writing why not enclose 15 cents for the Magazine and the 10 Premium Tulips or 3 Hyacinths.

GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa.

PICK THEM OUT.

l Plant 10 Cents, 5 Plants 25 Cents, 11 Plants 50 Cents, 23 Plants 81.00, 47 Plants \$2.00, 72 Plants \$3.00, all by mail, prepaid, satisfaction guaranteed.

OFFER a splendid collection of choice Plants, Shrubs and Trees this month. Some

are for the window garden, and the rest for outdoor planting. All are in fine condition, and I guarantee them to reach you safely and prove satisfactory. To keep the price uniform many rare and valuable plants are listed which could not be purchased elsewhere at four or five times what I ask. Until the latter part of the month I can supply everything listed, as I do not list anything I do not have; later a few plants may be substituted. I hope all my friends will give me at least a small order this month. If possible see your friends and make up a club. I shall appreciate your orders.

Rare Free Gift Plants.

For every dollar's worth of plants ordered you may select one of the following splendid Gift Collections or Plants:

I Plant Spirea, Queen Alexandra, the new, elegant, hardy herbaceous
Spirea bears big fuffy heads of pink bloom; very beautiful.

I Plant of the new Japanese Golden Day Lilly; like a grand golden Amaryllis; blooms for a month; fine for cut flowers. Value 25 cents.

3 Roots (1-eyed) of Superb Chinese Pæony; finest double flowers, elegant colors. Value 25 cents.

5 Plants Iris Kæmpferi, the charming Japanese Iris in richest colors, white, red, azure, royal purple. Value 25 cents. Or 5 Siberian Iris, if preferred.

5 Begonias. Double, Single or Fringed. in 5 colors. Or 5 Giant Gloxinias in 5 colors. Value 25 cents. The plants offered are all well-rooted and in good condition. The list will be changed each month, but there will be no lower prices this season. These are bed-rock prices. Prices may advance later.

Encainl Rargain Affor... I will pack and deliver at express office here 100 fine plants (one plant of

Special Bargain Offer---I will pack and deliver at express office here 100 fine plants (one plant of Why not make up a club order and get 100 plants by express, as the express rates on plants have been greatly reduced since we have parcel post.

TO CALIFORNIA, MONTANA and ARIZONA.—I deeply regret that no more Plants, Shrubs and Trees can be sent to these States. The New Inspection Laws adopted by these States, causing delay, extra cost and injury to tender plants is the cause. Seeds, bulbs and tubers can be mailed, but no plants.

Window Plants.

Abutilon, in variety Anna, pink Champson Eclipse Hybrida Maximum Mesopotamicum, red



Royal Scarlet Striata Splendida Thompsoni Plena

Thompsoni Plena
Vitifolium hardy
Note.—Abutilons are
often called flowering Maples. They bloom freely
and continuously, the flowers being bell-shaped and
of many fine colors. They
thrive in pots and bloom
well in winter as well as
summer. A. Mesopotamicum is a fine, free-blooming climber for the window.
Acalypha triumbhans

Acalypha triumphans
Bicolor, green and whife
Macafæana Marginata, bronze & pink Sanderii

Sanderii
Note.—Acalypha triumphane is a grand foliage
plant, the colors contrasted
like autumn leaves. Fine
for beds South, and does
well in the window North.
A beautiful foliage plant.

Achania malvaviscus Note. — Achania is the "Upright Fuchsia," flowers bright acarlet; very pretty. Achyranthus, Formosum, yellowish green Emersoni, pinkand bronze Gilsoni, pinkish green Herbsti, red.gold & green Lindoni, bronzy red

Agapanthus, Nile Lily
Agathæa Monstrosa, blue
Ageratum, Victoria Louise
Blue Perfection
Dwarf, dark blue
Dwarf, white
Imperial Dwarf White
Little Dorrit, yellow
Mex. Scarlet Gem
Swanley, blue, azure
Wendlandi
Alstræmeria aurantiaca

Alstrœmeria aurantiaca Alternanthera, red Golden leaved Jewel or Brilliantissima

Note—Jorel or Brilliantissima is a erery attractive plant, the long, narrow caves being rich carmine, sometimes rained bronzy green. It's the finest. Alyssum, Little Gem Amaryllis rossa



Amomum Cardamomum Note. - This is a handsome, dictionally-scented foliage pot plant

Angelonia grand. alba Grandiflora, rose Anomatheca cruenta Anthericum liliastrum Antholyza, from S. Africa Antigonon leptopus Antirrhinum (Snapdragon)

Antirhinum (Suapdragon)
Romeo, also Venus, tall
Semi-dwarf, carmine
Semi-dwarf, rose
Semi-dwarf, rose
Semi-dwarf, scarlet
Note.—The se are all
large-floweredSnapdragons plants of the Primrose
of the finer colors. They
bloom freely during summer either in pots or beds.
In pots they are excellent
for winter-blooming.
Aristolochia elegans
Arum cornutum
Asclepias atrosanguinea Asclepias atrosanguinea Asclepias Curassavica



sparagus plumosus nanus Blampiedi Common garden

Tenuissimus Superbus, fern-like Sprengeri, Sprengeri,
Plumosus robustus
Note.—A. Saperbus is a new, ane
very beautiful Asparagus obtained,
from Italy; has splendid foliage. Tha
popular Asparagus plumosus is the
lovely "Lace Fern." so much prized
as a window plant. A. decumbens is a
new and elegant drooping sort.

Aspedistra lurida, green



Basil, Sweet, fragrant
Begonia, flowering, Foliosa
Alba Perfecta grandiflora
Argentea guttata

Bosea Yervamora

Begonia, Decorus, splendid Caroline Lucerine Child of Quedlinburg Bertha Chateaurocher Evansiana, hardy

Erfordia, fine Note.—Begonia is an excellent pink-blooming sort, always showy with lovely flowers. Of easy culture. Fine winter bloomer.

Dewdrop Fuchsioides Gloire d'Cheltenham Haageana Marguerite Marjorie Daw Mrs. Townsend, pink,fine



Nitida alba Nitida rosea Prima Donna, bright red Pres. Carnot, beautiful Picta Rosea Robusta, light pink, good bloomer, strong grower Rubra Rex, Clementine In variety

Sandersonii Semperflorens, red Semperflorens Fireball Lubeca Red Vulcan Thurstonii

Vernon, red Weltoniensis, cut.leaf, a fine easily-grown sort Luminosa

Luminosa
Note.—Begonia luminosa
is one of the brightest,
most free-blooming and
beautiful of Begonias for
pots or beds. You will be
delighted with it.



Bougainvillea glabra

Note.—Bougainvillea is a harming, free-blooming, Note.—Bougainvillea is a charming, free-blooming, easily-grown pot shrub. blooming in winter; becomes a purple mass, very showy. Outdoors South it is a fine climber, and very attractive in winter.

Boston Smilax, lovely vine Myrtifolia, new, fine Browallia elata, blue Roezlli, azure

Speciosa, large blue
Note.—Browallia speciosa is one of the finest pot
plants in cultivation for
the amateur's window. It
blooms freely summer and
winter, and is easily cared
for. Be sure to include
this in your order. B. Roezlii is also splendid.
Brugmansia Suaveolens
Note.—Brugmansia Sus-Speciosa, large blue

Brugmansia Suaveolens
Note.—Brugmansia Suaveolens is a grand flowering shrub. Bedded out in summer it blooms freely, and bedded in the greenhouse it blooms almost continuously. Requires a frost-proof place in winter. Bryophyllum Calycinum Caladium Esculentum Calampelis scaber carmin. Calceolaria scabiosafolia

Calla, spotted-leaf
White, the common sort
Campanula garganica
Patigonica Camplobotrys Regia Camphor Tree
Capsicum Chameleon
Miniature, mixed
Carex Japonica, Jap'n grass

Carica papaya Cassava, Manihot Aipi Celsia Arcturus Cestrum laurifolium
Diurnium, day-blooming
Parquii, night-blooming

Cheiranthus Semperflorens Christmas Cactus Ohrysanthemum frutescens Comtesse de Chambord Chrysolora, yellow Maj. Bonifon, yellow White Cloud, white



Cineraria hybrida, rose Flesh colored Striped; also Crimson Self colors mixed Incarnata Roses Striata Polyantha, and Alba Citrus trifoliata Clerodendron Balfouri

Clianthus Dampierri, the Glory Pea Cobœa scandens, vine Colocassia-Dasheen, splen did Caladium-like plants; edible tubers

Colens Aurora Benary's mixed Bizarre, large, "bizarre-formed leaves in the prettiest shades;" new. Colosse olosse des Pyrenees, "magnificent new race with extra large foliage of striking, brilliant hues on whiteground." Enchantress Firebrand, brown with pk

Golden Bedder, golden Golden Glow aciniated, mixed Lord Palmers



Ornatus, large leaves dis tinctly blotched; new fine.

Red Glow, gold and pink Ruby, bright red Salicifolius, Parrot, new South Park Gem Spotted Gem am O'Shanter

Trailing Gem, a new trailing sort; fine for baskets; color pink, green and chocolate erschaffelti,a fine bedder Willow.leaved,

Abbottsford American Beauty Commelyna Sellowiana
Blue, also Rose
Convolvulus Aureus Superbus, the beautiful

perbus, the beautiful yellow Morning Glory Crape Myrtle, orimson,pink Crassula cordata, succulent Orinum longiflorum Orotalaria retusa



Cuphea platycentra, segar flower, red and black Miniata,pink,azure thro't Strigulosa, light red

Note.—Cuphea platycen-traisfree and everbloom-ing in pots or beds in sum-mer, and blooms well in winter in the window,

Cyclamen, Album Dark Red Emperor William, red Fimbriatum Giganteum album Giganteum, mixed James Prize, pink
Mt. Blanc, white
Persicum Papilio, mixed Roseum superbum Rokoko, mixed Syringa, blue Universum Violacea, violet Cyperus alternifolius, Water Palm Cypella Herbertii

Daisy, Ma Marguerite. single

Marguerite, yellow Double, white

Dolichos lignosis Tuberosus, new vine Echium Creticum Plantagineum

Eranthemum pulchellum, blue, winter-blooming Erythrina Crista Galli Eucalyptus Resinifera Citriodora, fragrant Viminalis

Eucharidium Breweri Eucomis punctata, a bulb Eupatorium serrulatum Riparium, white Weinmannianum

Euphorbia heterophylla Jacquiniæflora, vine Splendens, Criv of Thorns
Splendens, Criv of Thorns
Note.—This is the Crown of Thorns.
The plants are thorny, and bear lovely
waxy carmine clusters in winter. Sure
to bloom. E. Jacquiniaefors is a
climber the stems wreaths of lovely
blooms in winter. blooms in winter.

Ferns, Amerpohlii, lace-like a beautiful pot plant for window; easily grown



Boston Fern, a favorite Scholzeli, dwarf Aspidum acrostichoides Compacta, also Scotti Ferraria Canariensis Grandiflora alba

Grandiflora alba
Pavonia speciosa
Ficus repens, a lowely
creeper, attaches to and
covers walls in the South.
Fig. Choice Purple, White
Frankenia ericifolia, a
handsome freeblooming pot plant, pink flowers. Fuchsia, Black Prince Gættinger, new, fine Little Prince, carmine

Monarch, single Speciosa, single, pink Trophee, double purple Gloire des Marches, dou ble white

Avalanche, double purple Van der Strauss, double white Duchess of Albany, sin.

gle purple
Minnesota, single blue
Elm City, double blue
Geranium, Fancy Leaved
Happy Thought

Geraniums, Zonale, single White, rose, pink, scarlet and crimson Double, white, rose, pink, scarlet, crimson

Ivy-leaved, white, rose, pink, scarlet, crimson Scented-leaved in variety Grevillea robusta

Grevillea robusta
Guava, common, doz. \$1.00
Cattleyana, glossy foliage
Note.—The Common
Guava is a fine fruiting
plant South, and a fine pot
plant North, where it fruits
well. It is a handsome plant North, where it it its well. It is a handsome evergreen, and bears delicious fruit, very fragrant, sweet, and productive; can be eaten with sugar and cream, and is fine for jelly. Cattleyana is more dwarf, and equally as good as the Common. Don't fail to try a Guava a Guava

Habrothamnus elegans Heliotrope, whit ie, light blue, dark blue, purple Cyclope, large-flowered Frau Lederle, dark blue Louise Delaux, rose tint Madame Bruant, very fine Reine Marguerte, white Marguerite, white Roi des noirs, very dark
Note.—Heliotropes do well bedded
out, blooming all summer, and perfuming the entire garden. Heterocentron album

Hibiscus, Peach Blow



Coccinea, rich scarlet Double Pink Double Dark Red Grandiflora, Double Red Rosea grandiflora Versicolor

Versicolor
Note.—The Chinese Hibiscus is a splendid pot plant, blossoming summer and winter, the flowers large and rich-colored.
Peachblow is a favorite sort. Does well bedded out.
Have carross Hoya carnosa

Hydrangea Hortensis New French LaLorraine Mousseline, blue Mullierii, white Impatiens Sultani, Carmine Bright Salmon Coccinea, scarlet Dark Pink, also Rose Pink

Enchantress Pink Light Carmine Salmon, also Purple Violacea, dark violet White with pink eye

Pure White, beautiful Ipomæa, rich blue flowered vine from Palatka, Fla. Grows 40 feet high, a mass of morning bloom

mass of morning bloom Leari, heavenly blue Grandiflora, magnificent, everblooming, immense blue flowers with pink tints, borne freely in big clusters; superb Ipomopsis, mixed

Coronopifolia Ivy, Irish or Parlor Jacobinia coccinea anese Cane, elegant tall foliage plant for elegant Japanese the lawn Justicia sanguinea

Velutina Jasmine Revolutum, yellow Arabicum Gracillinum, white Prunifolium, flesh

Kenilworth Ivy Lantana, Aurora, red Amiel, purpleish Craigil, dwarf Orange Orangii, dwani Orange Delicatessima, weeping Francine, gold and iilao Gogal, yellow and gold Harkett's; variegated fol. Jaune' d'Or, yellow-red Leo Dex, yellow and red Seraphire, yel. and pink Yellow Queen

Lavatera arborea variegata Lemon Verbena Libonia Penrhosiensis Lobelia Hambergia, blue Barnard's perpetual Erinus pumila splendens

Compacta Snowball Tenuior, large, blue

Lopesia rosea, the Mosquito Plant, fine winter bl'mer Lophospermum scandens Lotus peliorhynchus atro-

coccineus, scarlet
Mackaya Bella, red flowers
Madeira Vine, white flowers Malcolmia Littorea Mandevillea suaveolens

Manettia bicolor, vine
Note. — Manettia bicolor
has pretty red and yellow
flowers in abundance. It
is a window vine that
should be more popular, as anyone can grow it.
Maurandya, mixed
Mesembrianthemum
grandiflorum, rose

Meterosideros, Bottle Brush Mignonette, Sweet Mimulus moschatus, dwar

Hybridus, mixed Luteus, yellow, hardy Moon vine, white Morning Glory, Bush or Tree; dwarf, tree-like, very free blo om in g; rare and handsome Muehlenbeckia repens

Note.—Muehlenbeckia is an exquisite little vine for a pot trellis, easily grown and exceedingly graceful. It is also dine for a bracket pot or a basket. Myosotis semperflorens, Nægelia hybrida Nasturtium minus, scarlet Double Red Double Yellow Tuberosum, scarlet
Nicotiana Affinis, mixed
Sanderi, mixed
Ocymum, Sweet Basil

Oleander, pink, white Lillian Henderson Opuntia variegata Ficus Indica Othonna crassifolia Oxalis, Golden Star Buttercup, yellow Floribunda, white Floribunda, pink Rosea, rose Versicolor

Palm, Phœnix tenuis Brahea filamentosa Pritchardia Robusta Chamaerops excelsa Phœnix reclinata Canariensis

Sabal Palmetto Pannicum variegatum, a lovely basket grass



Passiflora Pfordti, the of all Passion Vines flowers large, freely produced even on small pot plants. bedded out. Does well

Peltaria Alliacea Pennisetum Rueppelianum Pentstemon cordifolium Gentianoides epper, Celestial

Pepper, Geisstal
Peristrophe angustifolia
variegata; beautiful
Peperomia maculosa, a
lovely, easily grown
window plant; charming veined follage and
plumey white flowers.

Petunia, Single, in variety Canary Bird, light yellow Compacta magnifica, fine Superbissima, large-flow.
Double, mxd. Variegated
"Splendor, bright
"Vesuvius, showy red

"Violet Spray, violet
"White, charming
Phalaris, Ribbon Grass Phrynium variegatum
Pilea, Artillery Plant
Pilogyne suavis, a lovely
vine for a pot trellis

Pittosporum undulatum Tobira, cream flower Plumbago Capensis Capensis alba Poinciana Gillesi Pulcherrima, scarlet Regia



Primula, Chinensis, fringed Alba and Rubra Alba Magnifica Duchess. Marmorata Fern leaved, mixed Fimbriata Coccinea Gigantea, mixed Kermesina Splendens Lilacina, also Pyrope Striata, Coccinea, Lutea Floribunda, yellow Kewensis, yellow, new Malacoides, lilac, fine Obconica grandiflora Blood red, also Blue Crimson Fringed, mixed Rosea, also Rubra Pulverulenta, carmine

Verticillata Note.—I have a splendid stock of Chinese Primrose, and can supply fine plants for winter blooming at \$3 per 100, by express, not pre-paid, Club with neighbors and order 100 plants. Rain Lily, bulb, white Rivina humilis

Polyanthus, crimson

Ruellia Formosa, scarlet Makoyana, bright rose Note.—Ruellia Makoyana is a lovely foliage plant and bears showy tubular carmine flowers in winter.

Russelia elegantissima Salvia coccinea splendens Coccinea nana compacts

Splendens compacta Bonfire, large, scarlet Giant Scarlet, splendid Romeriana, fine for pots Zurich, fine scarlet Silver Spot, spotted fol'ge Santolina,Lavender Cotton Sanseviera Zeylanica Saxifraga sarmentosa

Decipiens Note.—Saxifrage sarmentor is a lovely plant in foliage and flowers, so metimes called Strawberry Geranium. It is fine for baskets, and thrives in baskets, a moist shade.

Schinus molle, Pepper Tree Sea Onion, Ornithogalum Sedum Kamsohaticum Sieboldi variegata Selaginella Maritima, Moss

Sempervivum, fine mixed Sesbania punica, scarlet Senecio petasites, yellow; sure winter bloomer

Solanum Betaceum, edible Grandiflorum, white; vine Hendersoni, new, orange Melongena, fancy fruits Nagasaki, Egg Plant

Pseudo-capsicum, Cherry Nanum, dwarf Cherry Rantonetti, fine pot plant Seaforthianum, fine vine; 20 feet; big panicles of azure flowers; splendid Wendlandii, more vigor-ous, larger flowers and

larger clusters; blue Sollya heterophylla Spergularia Azoroides, blue Stapelia variegata Stevia Eupatoria

Serrata, also Variegata Strobilanthes Anisophyllus Dyerianus, metallic red

Swrinam Cherry, evergreen
Swainsonia alba
Stock, Ten Weeks
Giant of Nice
Summer Excelsion

Summer Excelsior
Thunbergia alata, a vine:
White, White dark eye,
Yellow, Orange, all fine
blooming vines for outdoors in summer, or for
window pots in winter.
Thunbergia grandiflora
Odorata, white
Note.—Thun bergia
grandiflora is a splendid
rapid climber, beautiful in
foliage and surpassingly
handsome in flower. The
flowers are large, exquisite
blue, borne in continuousblooming clusters. In
Florida it is a grand porch
vine; at the North it is
easily grown in pots.
Tournefortia Hellotropæoides, blue

oides, blue



Tropæolum, Nastartium Double Red Double Yellow Minus, red Speciosum, scarlet Tuberosum, scarlet Tradescantia, green and white

Multicolor, red and pink Tuberose, variegated, sweet Valerianella congesta Verbena Gigantea mixed Blue, white, pink Verbena, Firefly, scarlet Venosa, cut foliage Veronica Imperialis Syriaca, pretty, blue Vinca rosea, red, white White, red eye

White, red eye
Viola, Lady Campbell, azure
Princess of Wales
Note.—These are the finest of fragrant Violets for
winter and spring blooming. Campbell has fine douing. Campbell has fine dou-ble flowers freely produced, and Wales large single flowers. Both are beautiful, Wallflower Kewensis, yel-

Wallflower Kewensis, yel-low, fine winter bl'mer Parisian, mixed Watsonia, Bugle Lily Wonder Berry, for fruit Water Hyacitth, aquatic Zephyranthes rosea Alba, white

Hardy Plants.

Acanthus mollis latifolius Achillea, Ageratum Grandiflora Filipendula, yellow Millefolium rubrum



Ægopodium podagraria Note.—This is a lovely dwarf edging, perfectly dwarf edging, perfectly hardy, the graceful, dense foliage light green with a distinct white border. It is easily grown, and should be better known. Per 100 only \$2,50, packed and delivered at the express office. Agrostemma coronaria Red, white, rose Allsma Plantago, aquatic Anemone Japonica Honorine Jobert, white Queen Charlotte Whirlwind, white

Whirlwind, white Rosea, also Alba Pennsylvanica Alyssum Rostratum Saxatile compactum, yel. Antennaria Margaritacea,

white perennial ever-lasting flower; fine for cutting.

Anthericum Lil. major Anthemis Kelwayi Nobilis, Chamomile Tinctoria Apios Tuberosa



Aquilegia, Canadensis Californica hybrida Chrysantha, white Chrysantha, yellow Carysanta, yellow Cœrulea, blue Cœrulea hybrida Caryophylloides fl. pl. Double white Grandiflora alba Jaetschaui, also Pink Rocky Mountain, blue Rocky Mountain, yellow Single white, also red Skinneri, striped Arabis alpina, spring flo'r Arenaria Montana Arisæma triphylla Aristolochia tomentum

Armeria maritima Cephalotes Artemisia lactiflora Articheke, green, French Asarum Canadensis Asclepias tuberosa
Cornuti, pinkish, fra grant
Incarnata, pink
Aster, hardy, mixed
Hardy Blue, also Pink
Hardy Purple
Aubrietia Eyrii, violet
Deltoides, lilac
Handaranii redish, blue Asclepias tuberosa Hendersonii, redish-blue Graeca, dwarf, blue Bouganvillei, dark blue Purpurea, purple Leichtlinii, carmine Baptisia Australis, blue Bellis Daisy, Double Giant white, rose, red Ranunculiflora white Rocconia cordata Boltonia glastifolia

Budleya Magnifica, the
lovely fall-blooming
Butterfly shrub, sold
by many nurserymen
at 75 cents per plant
Bupthalmum cordifolium Calamus acorus Callirhoe involucrata Calystegia pubescens fl. pl. the pretty Camellia vine Sapientum, single, rose Canterbury Bell, blue, rose, white, azure Caesia, blue Carnation, Margaret, white

striped, red, rose, yellow French Picotee, double Guillaud, double, fine Canarina Campanula Cassia Marilandica Cerastium grandiflorum Biebersteinii Centaurea Montana Imperialis

Chelone barbata, scarlet Glabra compacta Chrysanthemum in variety Maximum Etoile d'Anver Single, new hardy, mixed Bohemia, golden Hardy Crimson, crimson Julia LaGravere, crimson Mrs. Porter, bronze Prince of Wales, white Salem, rose-pink Cimicifuga, Snakeroot Cineraria Maritima Dia mond, silvery foliage

Cinnamon vine Citrus trifoliata Clematis paniculata Flammula Virginiana, also Vitalba Compass Plant, Silphium Coreopsis Lanceolata Grandiflora Eldorado

Coronilla varia, a beautiful hardy perennial. Crucianella stylosa Cypripedium acaule



Delphinium Belladonna Note.—These are the fin-est of Perennial Larkspurs Hoarhound, Herb

Dianthus Deltoides, Baby Atrococcineus Count Kerchove Cyclops rubra Fireball, scarlet Heddewigii, Snowflake Neglectus Plumarius Scoticus Snowball, pure white Plumarius Diadematus Imperialis, rose, carmine Latifolius, double, red Dictamnus fraxinella, red

White, handsome Digitalis, Foxglove Canariensis, yellow Gloxinoides, fine, large Grandiflora Iveryana, spotted, yellow Lutea, yellow Monstrosa, fine, spotted

Note.—I have fine plants of Fox-glove, and can supply them in quan-tity if desired. They are lovely hardy percunials, and make a stately border or screen.

Echium plantagineum Epilobium adenocaulon Erigeron aurantiaca

Grandiflora Erigeron, Elatior Hybridus Macranthus Speciosus Erodium Manescavii Moschatum

Erysimum Compact, golden Eupatorium ageratoides

Incarnatum, purple
Serrulatum, white, fine
Eulalia Gracillima, striped
Zebrina, zebra-striped Fern, Maidenhair Fragaria Indica Funkia ovata Fortunei Sieholdii Undulata variegata

Note. - Funkia undulate Note.—Funds undulata variegata makes a superb dwarf edging. The foliage pushes up early in spring and is always richly variegated white and green, the whiteoften predominating. Gaillardia grandiflora Galega officinalis Galtonia candicans Genista tinctoria

Andreans Germanica Gentiana Andrewsi Geranium Sanguineum Maculatum

Gerbera Hybrida Adnet's strain Gerardia, New hybrids

Geum Atrosanguineum
fl. pl., splendid variety
Coccin., Mrs. Bradshaw
Gilia coronopifolia Glaucium, Burbank New Double Gypsophila Repens Helenium Hoopseii

Helianthus tuberosus Grandiflora fl. pl. Rigidus, Dr. Beal Orgyalis Multiflorus fl. pl. Maximillianus, late Heliopsis lævis

Pitcherianus Hemerocallis, Lemon Lily Thunbergii, later sort Dumortieri, orange Distichia, double, blotched Fulva, also Kwanso fl. pl. Kwanso, 5 ft. high, showy Hepatica triloba Heracleum Mantegazzian

Heuchera Sanguinea Large-flowered, mixed Hibiscus, Crimson Eye

elphinium Bell ad on n a big spikes, lovely azure Dark blue, also light blue Note.—These are the fin-

Hollyhock, annual, double, rose, blood red, crimson, white, black

white, black
Allegheny, fringed
Perennial, Chaters
Horseradish (Roripa) white
Houstonia cœrulea, Bluets
Incarvillea Delayayi
Hyacinthus candicans Hypericum Moserianum

Ascyron, giant St. Johns. wort, 5 ft., large yellow, Iberis Tenoreana, white Iris, German Blue May Queen Cream yellow
Rosy Queen
Florentine, White
Blue, also Purple
Mme. Chereau, blue
Pallida Dalmatica, blue

Pseudo-acorus yellow, Siberica, mixed Iris Kaempferi in variety

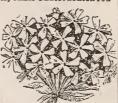
Pumila, yellow, blue Kudzu, robust, hardy vine Lamium maculatum, pink Maculatum album, white Lavatera Cashmeriana

Lavender, herb, true,hardy Finnata, pretty foliage Leucanthemum California Leonotis Leonurus Lilium tigrinum, splendens Umbellatum

Elegans rubrum
Thunbergianum
Lily of the Valley, Dutch
Fortin's Giant, fine Linaria vulgaris Dalmatica, yellow, 3 feet Macedonica Linnea borealis

Linum Perenne, blue, white Flavum, yellow Narbonense, blue Lobelia syphilitica, blue Lunaria biennis, Honesty

Atrosanguinea
White, also Purple
Lupinus polyphyllus
Lychnis Chalcedonica red



Chalcedonica, white Coronaria, white, also Crimson Viscaria splendens Haageana hybrida Lycium Trewianum, vine Chinensis Horridum, shrub Vulgare Lysimachia, Moneywort Lythrum roseum Salicaria Malva Moschata alba Capensis, lilac Moschata rubra, red Marselia, aquarium plant Matricaria capensis

Menispermum Canadense, Moon vine Michauxia campanulata Monarda didyma Hybrida Myosotis, Palustris, blue Semperflorens Distinction, also Royal Bl Ruth Fischer Stricta, rose
Alpestris, rose
Distinction
Victor 7, white
Nepeta, ('4tnip

CEno era Lamarckiana Youngii,golden; beautiful Onopordon Salteri Ornithogalum umbellatum Orobus Fischeri



Pæony, Officinalis, red Chinese, white, pink, red Pansy Cattleya-flowered Red, Blue, Variegated, Yellow, Black, White, Azure, Striped, Bl'ched Pansy, old-fashioned John-ny-jump.up. small fl'rs

ny-jump-up, small fi'rs Papaver Orientale, large scarlet and red flowers arsley, Moss curled

Beauty of the Parterre, a charming table plant Pardanthus, Blackb'y Lily Pennyroyal (Hedroma),m't Peas, Perennial, red, rose White, pink

Peppermint
Phalaris, ribbon-grass
Phlox, Boule de Niege, white Boule de Few, flame col. Eclairmonde, red & white Elizabeth Campbell, red Etna, scarlet, white eye Eugene Danzanvilliers

lilac blue, veined white
Faust, fine purple
Stohlein, red, dark eye
G. Konigin, flesh, red eye
Lavoque, bright scariet
Nana ecrulea, lilac-blue
Robert Blass, white& pink
Rosy Queen, bright pink
Von Lassberg, snow white
Note. — These new imported Phloxes, the finest
of a large collection of the
new Dwarf kinds, cannot
but please my friends. Only
33 per hundred by express.
Picotee, mixed lilac blue, veined white

Picotee, mixed

Pinks, hardy, in sorts Cyclops ruber Double Clove-scented Double, Scoticus Plumosus albus pl. Platycodon, blue, white Platycodon, double white Double blue, also Mariesi Macranthum Majus Podophyllum peltatum Pokeberry, Phytolacca Polygonum multiflorum

Baldschuanicum Cuspidatum Polygonatum biflorum Poppy Nudicaule, mixed Oriental, dark red Princess Victoria, per.

Princess Victoria, per.
Royal Scarlet, per.
Potentilla formosa
Hybrid, double
Willmottiæ
Primula officinalis, yellow
Acaulis hybridus, French
Veris, single, hardy
Gold-laced, very fine
Princella Webbiana Prunella Webbiana Ptarmica Pearl fl. pl. Rehmannia angulata Angulata hybrida

Rheum Collinianum Rhubarb, Victoria Rudbeckia, Golden Glow Bicolor; semi plena Fulgida variabilis Newmanii, yellow Purpurea, purple Sullivanti, yellow Trifolia

Rocket, Sweet, tall, white Tall, purple Dwarf Lilac Dwarf White

Rosemary, mint Sage, Broad-leaved Sagittaria variabilis Sanguinaria Canadensis Salvia Sclarea Azurea grandifiora

Azurea grandiflora Globosa, new Praetensis, blue Salvia, Patens, blue Santolina Indica Saponaria Ocymoides Officinalis, double

Officinalis, double
Saxifraga peltata
Decipiens
Sedum, for banks
Aizoon, also Ternatu
Acre, yellow, also W

Sedum, for banks
Aizoon, also Ternatum
Acre, yellow, also White
Shasta Daisy, Alaska
Californica, yellow
Sidaleca, Rosy Gem
Silene orientalis compacta
Shafta, rose, fine
Pennsylvanica, pink
Silphium perfoliatum
Laciniatum, Compass Pl.
Snowflake

Laciniatum, Compass Snowflake Solanum Dulcamara Solidago Canadensis Spearmint, herb Spirea Gladstone, white Palmata elegans, lilac

Palmata elegans, lilac
Peach Blossom, pink
Philadelphia, a fine improved herbaceous
Spirea
Star of Bethlehem
Stenactis speciosa



Sweet William in varlety
Nigricans, black
Margined, Hunt's Perf.
Pink Beauty
White double
Crimson single, also Rose
Holborn Glory
Symphyandra Hoffmanit
Symphytum asperrimum
Symplocarpus feetidus
Syringa vulgaris
Tansy
Thyme, broad-leaf English
Summer
Thalictrum, Meadow Rue
Dipterocarpum
Tradescantia Virginica
Tricyrtus Hirta, Toad Lily
Tritoma MacOwan
Uvaria grandiflora
Tunica saxifraga
Tynha angustifolia

Tunica saxiiraga
Typha angustifolia
Valerian, fragrant, white
Scarlet; also Rose
Verbascum Olympicum
Blattaria, also Pannosum
Phlomoides

Priomotices
Veronica spicata, blue
Gentianoides
Longifolia
Prostrata, fine
Vernonia noveboracensis
Viola, Cornuta Admirabi

Vernonia noveboracensis
Viola, Cornuta Admirabilis
Oucnilata, blue
Hardy white, also Yellow
Munbyana
Odorata, blue, fragrant
Pedata, early flowering
Sagittaria, blue
Thuringia, blue, new

Vinca, blue Myrtle Vinca variegata, trailing Vittadenia triloba Wallflower, Parisian Red, Yellow Wallflower, Dwf. Branching

Wallflower, Dwf. Branc Double, mixed Harbinger Kewensis Ne-plus-ultra Wormwood

Shrubs and Trees.
Abella rupestris
Acer negundo
Æsculus, Horse Chestnut
Ailanthus glandulosa
Akebia quinata, vine
Alnus serrulata
Althea single

Alnus serrnlata
Althea, single
Note.—I can supply Altheas by the
thousand, mixed colors, for a hedge
or sereen. Only \$2.00 per hundred,
or \$18 per thousand for fine plants,
packed carefully and delivered at the
express office here. The shrub is perfectly hardy, and blooms freely durlng summer and autumn.

Althea, double, in sorts Joan of Arc, white Amorpha fruticosa Ampelopsis Veitchi Quinquefolia Aralia pentaphylla

Aristolochia sipho Balm of Gilead Basket Willow Benzoin odoriferum Berberis Thunbergii Vulgaris, green

Vulgaris, green
Vulgaris purpurea
Bignonia grandiflora
Capreolata, Cross vine
Radicans

Boxwood, Buxus, common Callicarpa Americana California Privet Calycanthus floridus Præcox Caragana Arborescens Carpinus Americanus Carya Porcina, Pig-nut

Carya Porcina, Pig-nut Shellbark Cabalpa Kæmpferi Bignonioides, Speciosa Celtis, Sugar Berry Occidentalis Cerasus, Wild Cherry Chionanthus Virginica

Cistus creticus
Monspieliensis
Cercis Canadensis
Celastrus scandens
Cissus heterophylla vin



Colutea Arborescens
Cornus Sericea
Floridus, Dogwood
Flaviramea, gold stems
Stolonifera
Coronilla glauca
Corylus Americana, Hazel
Cottoneaster microphylla
Cydonia, Japan Quince
Cytisus laburnum
Alpinus

Desmodium penduliflorum Dillenii Deutzia gracilis Crenata fl. pleno, rose Lemoine

Pride of Rochester

Dewberry, Blackberry Dimorphanthus mandschu Diospyrus virginica Eucalyptus, Gunni, hardy Globosus

Globosus Americana Euonymus Americana Euonymus Japonicus Fagus ferrug., Beech Forsythia Viridissima Suspensa (Sieboldii) Fraxinus excelsa (Ash)

White, also Blue Genista tinctoria Gleditschia Sinensis Triacantha, Honey Locust Glycine Frutes., Wistaria Hamamelis, Witch Hazel Honeysuckle, Hall's hardy Fragrantissima

Fragrantissima Reticulata aurea Horse Chestnut Hydrangea paniculata



Arborescens grandiflora Note.—This is the splendid flowering shrub advertised as Hills of Snow The heads are globular and of huge size. 100, 25 50; 1000, 320.00 by ex-LIEX ODACA, Holly

llex opaca, Holly
Ivy, English, green
Abbotsford, variegated
Variegated-leaved
Jasmine nudiflorum
Kerria Japonica fl. pleno
Koelreuteria paniculata
Ligustrum Amoor river

Ligustrum Amoor river
Ciliatum
Ovalifolium, Cal. Privet
Ibotum, free-blooming
Note-Ligustrum is
known as Privet. I can
supply fine-plants of California Privet and Ibotum
or Flowering Privet for
hedges at \$2.00 per hundred,
carefully packed and delivered to the express office
here- Small plants of Berberis Thunbergis ameprice.
Lilac, white, also purple
Josikæa
Liquidamber, Sweet Gum

Josikæa Liquidamber, Sweet Gum Liriodendron, Tulip tree Lonicera Morrowii Bush Honeysuckle

Lycium Chinese
Trewianum, Vulgare
Magnolia, Cucumber Tree
Tripetala, Umbrella Tree

Maple, scarlet Sugar, also Cut-leaf McClura, Osage Orange Melia, Pride of India Mnlberry, black Rubra, red, also Russian Negunda aceroides, Ash

Maple
Nyssa Sylvatica, Gum
Ostrya, Lever-wood
Paulownia imperialis
Pavia macrostachya, dwarf
Flava, yellow Buckeye
Persimmon, American
Philadelphus grandiflorus
Coronarius, Mock Orange
Populus deltoides, Cottonwood, grows rapidly
Delatata, Lombardy

wood, grows rapidly
Delatata, Lombardy
Balm of Gilead, Candic'ns
Pricel Berry, evergreen
Pride of India, Umbrella
Prunus, Morello Cherry
Sweet Oxbeart Cherry
Serotina, Wild Cherry
Prossy Willow

Pyrus baccata, Berried Crab
Malis floribunda
Quercus Macrocarpa
Swamp White Oak
Raspberry, Purple-cap
Raspberry, Black-cap
Odorata, showy bloom
Red, everbearing
Rhamnus Carolinus
Rhus, Smoke Tree
Aromatica, fragrant
Copalina, Mountain S.
Glabra, Smooth Sumac
Ribes, Sweet Currant
Floridum, black.
Rlodotypus Kerrioides
Robinia, pseudo-acacla
Bessoniana, thornless
Hisplida, Sweet Pea Tree
Viscosa, late-flowering
Rosa Rugosa, Japan Rose
Rosa Rubiginosa, Sw. Brier
Baltimore Belle
Rose, Crimson Rambler

Rose, Crimson Rambler
Greville, Prairie Climber
Old Wall Rose, red, vine
Hiawatha, single, climb'g
Lady Gay, double "
Prairie Queen
Setigera
Seven Sisters
Tennessee Belle
Wichuriana, white
Sambucus Canadensis
Cut-leaf; Everblooming
Racemosa, red berries
Sassafras officinalis
Spartium scoparium

Junceum
Sophora Japonica
Spirea, Anthony Waterer
Bethlehemensis
Billardi, also Opulifolia
Callosa alba
Prunifolia, white, early
Reevesii, double
Sorbifolia, ash-leaved
Tomentosa, pink
Van Houtte, weeping



Stephanandra flexuosa
Sterculia Platanifolia
Sugar-berry or Hackberry
Symphoricarpus Racemosa
Vulgaris, Indian Currant
Tilia Americana, Linden
Europa grandiflora
Ulmus Americanus, Elm
Racemosa, Cork Elm
Viburnum Opulus
Acerifolium
Vitis cordi, Frost Grape
Cognite, fine
Æstivalis, for birds
Weigela floribunda rosea
Candidissima, white
Hendersoni
Variegated-leaved
Willow for baskets
Weeping, common
Wisconsin
Willow White, also Lucida
Wistaria magnifica
Sinensis, Chinese
Xanthorhiza, Yellow-root
Yellow Wood, Cladrastis
Yucca aloefolia
Filamentosa

EVERGREENS.
Ables Canadensis, Spruce
Juniper, Irish

These Plants, Shrubs and Trees are all well-rooted and in fine condition. I have a full stock now, and can mostly supply anything in the list during the month. If you order more than one plant of a kind name some substitute in case of shortage.

GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Fa.

ONLY \$2.50 A HUNDRED.

CAN SUPPLY the following hardy shrubs and trees, well-rooted, at \$2.50 per hundred, no less than 50 plants of a kind being taken. They will be carefully packed in Sphagnum Moss, the roots not being allowed to dry, and delivered to the express office here. Properly planted every plant will grow.

Althea, Lavender, for a flowering hedge.

White, red eye Aralia pentaphylla, fine hedge plant. Benzoin, Spicewood, golden spring flower. Bignonia radicans, fall-blooming vine, Boxwood, for hedges and lawn plants. Black Gum, red foliage in autumn. Cornus sericea, blue berries.
Currant, Fruit, Perfection, fine.
Deutzla, Pride of Rochester, white.
Gracilis, white, dwarf, early.
Hydrangea, Hills of Snow, summer.
Hydrangea paniculata, fall-blooming.

Jasmine nudiflorum, yellow. Lilac, Purple, the old sort. White, fragrant, fine. Osage Orange, a hedge plant. Persimmon, American (Diospyrus). Rose, Baltimore Belle, rose, double. Rose, Battimore Beile, rose, double.

Rose, Philadelphia (Crimson) Rambler.

Rose, Prairie Queen, rose.

Spirea, Anthony Waterer, red.

Callosa alba, pure white,

Tomentosa, pink, spikes.

Weigela floribunda rosea, rose.

Weigela variegata, variegated foliage.

I can also supply other shrubs and trees offered in my list "Pick Them Out," at \$3.00 hand as well as herbaceous and greenhouse plants, all well rooted. These are per hundred, as well as herbaceous and greenhouse plants, all well rooted. bargains. Buy while you can get low prices. Address GEO. W. PARK, La Pa Address GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa.

EXCHANGES.

Miss Edith Young, Huntertown, Ind., has Lilifera Palm, Orab Cactus, 6 varieties Coleus, Wandering Jew, Boston Fern, etc., also various seeds, for Cactus and other rare house plants. Write first.

Mrs. Dickerson, Dunellen, N. J., has one year seed-lings of Jap. Maple, red and green leaf, Jap. Berberis for hedge work, and rooted double Buttercup for Be-gonia slips, Jap. Iris, and Lemon Lily. Write. Norcross Adams, Ocean View, N. J., has Magnolias, Laurel, Hardy Hibiscus and Flowering Plums for hardy Lilies and shrubs.

Mrs. L. Clark, R. 1, Tunnel Hill, O., has Per. Phlox, Pæonies, Bl. Heart, white and red Plums, Strawberry, etc., for Crinums, Roses, Spireas, Lilacs, hardy climbing vines, hardy bulbs, per. seeds of any kind. Write.

Mrs. E. L. McDonald, Chippewa Lake, O., has 30 varieties hardy shrubs, plants and bulbs to exchange for others. Write first.

Mrs. W. C. Doggett, carrier 38, Richmond, Va., has pink, red and white double Geraniums, Chrysanthemums, hardy Phlox, Coreopsis and Sw. Williams for Begonias, Gaillardias and other plants.

Mrs. F. B. Colton, 100 Ashley St., Hartford, Conn., has several years back numbers of Park's Magazine to exchange for Chrysanthemums and summer-blooming bulbs.

Mrs. J. E. Lawson, Scottvile, Mich., Box 272, has rooted Rose bushes—red, pink, white, also pink Moss Rose, Iris, Pagan White Daffodils, Daisy, Strawberry, and Columbian Raspberry plants for yellow Roses, Mums, Spirea, white Dahlia, Bleeding Heart, etc. Mrs. W. W. Gavett, R. 2, Delhi, N. Y., has Geraniums, Begonias, Fuchsias and Cactus for fine house plants and bulbs.

plants and bulbs.

Saves you big money, Buy direct and save so to ego on a bicycle.

RANGER BICYCLES in 19 styles, colors and sizes, Greatly Improved; prices reduced. Other reliable models, \$11.95 up.

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Start a Friendship-Maid-Link-Bracelet, latest New York fashien. We start yours by giving you one link absolutely FREE engraved with 3 initials. Your friends give or exchange others. What more beautiful token or sentiment could be expressed. Send to-day for one or more Links (12c. each) stating ionitials, Rolled Gold, Sterling Silver, Beaded or Plain design wanted. Start with Link and Ribbon we give FREE with first 12c order or more. Friendship Jewelry Co., 83 Chambers St., Dept. 806, New York

ARE YOU INTERESTED?

Church Donation. Any Church that tival or Benefit Sale in prospect should write to me. For such purpose I will donate a quantity of seeds and subscriptions.

GEO. W. PARK, La Park, Pa.

CORRESPONDENCE.

From Pennsylvania.— Mr. Park: I thought I would write a few lines this beautiful spring day, which makes me feel glad, as I enjoy planting vegetable and flower seeds and plants. I saw in your Magazine a letter from Mrs. Bly, of Yucca, Ariz. telling of the beauties of the native Locust, and I knew at once that at one place in Lancaster Co., Pa., near New Holland, I had seen that same kind of Locust in my sister's garden. It was last year on the 27th of May I saw it, and I got several slips of the roots this spring. I never saw such a lovely mass of flowers, resembling the Sweet Pea in shape, and the color is lavender and maroon. Mrs. A. Thorp.

Snyder Co., Pa., April 15, 1916.

Dear Children: - Dewey, my little fox terrier



dog that I have told you about, will kill mice, weasels and woodchucks, but he is afraid of a snake. One day I heard him barking, and I knew he had something he was excited over. So went out and found him

old leather strap, which really did look like a snake. After all, I am glad he does not kill snakes, for they do us little injury. Ima. Geauga Co., Ohio, June 10, 1916.

Exchanging Postals. — A subscriber asks the editor to place her name in the postal asks the editor to place her name in the postal exchange column, stating she would like to have a card from every subscriber, and would not fail to answer every card. If each subscriber would send her a post card her replies would require an outlay for one-cent postage stamps amounting to \$4,500.00. Perhaps it would be too much of a good thing!

Get Up a Club.—My friends have been ery liberal in their efforts to get up a club for the Magazine this season, and many thousands of new subscribers have been added to the subscription list. One lady, Mrs. Diehl, of Knobel,

scription list. One lady, and Ark., writes:

"Mr. Park:—It is so easy to take subscriptions for your Magazine. Always some one comes in who has a friend here or in their home, and will have the Magazine and its premium sent as a present. I never let an opportunity to speak a good word for Park's go by, as you can judge from the number of subscribers I am sending you this spring."

I hope many will send in a club this month. See my offers elsewhere.

La Park, Pa. Geo. W. Park, Ed. and Pub.

About Exchanging.—A subscriber in New Hampshire offered to exchange plants with one in W. Va., whose notice appeared in the Magazine offering Pawpaw and Persimmon trees. The party did not want plants, and proposed sending two Pawpaw and two Persimmon trees for 50 cents cash, a price double that offer-ing these plants under head of "Pick Them Out." The cash was sent, but the plants never came, and the lady appealed to the editor. Now, no charge is made for exchange notices, and it is a mean and despicable trick for anyone to try to make sales through such notices. One who is guilty of using such dishonorable means to effect sales is not worthy of confidence. Such persons are not to be trusted, for they are likely to take advantage of even a friend, should opportunity offer. Be wise, and send no money to one who would prostitute the exchange column into a means of business or to effect cash sales. - Editor.

EXCHANGES.

Mrs. Lee Vistrand, Kent, Wash., has Cactus, Pompon and Show Dahlia bulbs and Spencer Sweet Peaseeds for Tulips, Hyacinths and dbl, Narcissus bulbs.





Rheumatism

A Home Cure Given by One Who Had It.

In the spring of 1893 I was attacked by Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism, I suffered as only those who have it know, for over three years. I tried remedy after remedy, and doctor after doctor, but such relief as I received was only temporary. Finallly, I found a remedy that cured me completely, and it has never returned. I have given it to a number who were terribly afflicted and even bedridden with Rheuma. afflicted and even bedridden with Rheuma-

afflicted and even bedridden with Rheumatism, and it effected a cure in every case.

I want every sufferer from any form of rheumatic trouble to try this marvelous healing power. Don't send a cent; simply mail your name and address and I will send it free to try. After you have used it and it has proven itself to be that long-looked-for means of curing your Rheumatism, you may send the price of it, one dollar, but, understand, I do not want your money unless you are perfectly satisfied to send it. Isn't that fair? Why suffer any longer when positive relief is thus offered you free? Don't delay. Write today.

Write today.
Write today.
Mark H. Jackson, No. 1138 B Gurney Bldg,
Syracuse, N. Y.

Also called Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pruritus Milk Crust, Water Polson, Weeping Skin, etc.

ibelieve Eczema can be cured to stay. I mean just what I say, C-U-R-E-D, and NOT merely patched up to return again. Remember, I make this statement after handling nearly a half million cases of eczema and devoting 12 years of my life to its treatment. I don't care what all you have used nor how many doctors have told you that you could not be cured, all I ask is just a chanc! to prove my claims. If you write me TODAY, ewill send you a fREE TRIAL of mild, soothing, guaranteed treatment that will surely convince you as it has me. If you are disgusted and disguaranteed treatment that will surely convince you as it has me. If you are disgusted and dis-couraged, I dare you to give me a chance to prove my claims. By writing me today I believe you will enjoy more real comfort than you really thought this world held for you. Just try it, and I feel sure you will agree with me.

1119 Court Blk., Sedalia, Mo DR. J. E. CANNADAY, References: Third National Bank, Sedalia, Mo. Send this notice to some eczema sufferer.

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CHILDREN'S CORNER.

Dear Mr. Park:—I live far out in the west in the State of Idaho on a ranch. We call our ranch Far View Ranch. We can see four ranges of mountains from our house. They are the Shoshone, the Bruneau, the Elk and the Saw-Tooth Mountains. We raise lots of cattle, sheep, and horses. I have a pony I ride all alone for miles. His name is Golly. I am seven years old, and have never gone to school yet. We live 30 miles from town, but we don't care, for we do not like town life. I am going to school in town this winter. There are many wild flowers blooming here now. I think the summer days are very sweet. I have a pet lamb called Sammy, also one called Nigger. My two dogs are good hunters and have killed coyotes. There are mad coyotes here now and we have lost some stock and a fine welf hound from the bites. At night and a fine wolf hound from the bites. At night we can see the lights of five towns from our home. Some of them are many miles away. My daddy used to have to go 60 miles to town for provisions, but now we have 5 towns nearer. Cecil B. Hartwell.

Roseworth, Ida., April 19, 1916.

EXCHANGES.

Edith Rhoten, Tonkawa, Okla., has Canna and Madeira bulbs, 'Mums and native Cacti for Geraniums, Water Lilies, Abutilons, Impatiens or Caladiums.

Daveeny and Heinninger, McCloud, Calif., have Shasta Lily bulbs for any Eastern flowers.

Mrs. G. W. Bain, R. 2, N. Y., has Tritoma uvaria and Arums for named Dahlias, Phlox, Lilies and shrubs.

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two weeks. Then test your strength again and see for yourself how much you have gained. I have seen dozens of nervous, run-down people who were ailing all the while, double their strength and endurance and entirely get rid of all symptoms of dyspepsia, liver and other troubles in from 10 to 14 days' time simply by taking iron in the proper form. And this after they had in some cases been doctoring for months without obtaining any benefit. But don't take the old forms of reduced iron, iron acetate or tincture of iron simply to save a few cents. You must take iron in a form that can be easily absorbed and assimilated like nuxated iron if you want it to do you any good, otherwise it want it to do you any good, otherwise it may prove worse than useless. Many an athlete or prize-fighter has won the day simply because he knew the secret of great strength and endurance and filled his blood with iron before he went into the affray, while many another has gone down to inglorious defeat simply for the lack of iron.—E. Sauer, M. D.

NOTE—Nuxated Iron recommended above by Dr. Sauer is not a patent medicine nor secret remedy, but one which is well known to druggists and whose iron constituents are widely prescribed by eminent physicians everywhere. Unlike the older inorganic iron products, it is easily assimilated, does not injure the teeth, make them black, nor upset the stomach; on the contrary, it is a most potent remedy, in nearly all forms of indigestion, as well as for nervous, rundown conditions. The Manufacturers have such great confidence in Nuxated Iron that they offer to forfeit \$100.00 to any charitable institution if they cannot take any man or woman under 60 who lacks iron and increase their strength 200 per cent. or over in four weeks' time provided they have no serious organic trouble. They also offer to refund your money if it does not at least double your strength and endurance in ten days' time. It is dispensed by all druggists.

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

Dear Mr. Park:—I am a country girl 14 years of age. I go to school, and am in the sixth grade. I have taken your Magazine for three or four years, and like it better than any other paper we take. I enjoy the poetry. My mamma died when I was Il years old, and I keep house for my father and two brothers and sister. I like flowers and garden work better than anything. I like to keep house, too.

Helen Nash. to keep house, too. Fate, Tex., April 14, 1916.

Dear Mr. Park:—I live with my parents on a farm of about 40 acres. I like to live in the country. I have a flower bed, and my favorite flowers are Pansies and Sweet Peas. I also like birds. There are many sweet songsters here. Here is a riddle: The man what made it didn't want it; the man what bought it didn't use it; the man what used it didn't know it. The answer is "a coffin."

Esther Summers. Homer, Neb., June 12, 1916.

Dear Mr. Park:—I am a farmer's daughter, nine years old. I have a little brother who will be a year old the 8th of June. I love the flowers, and there are lots here. Mamma's favorite flower is the Rose, and mine is the Pink. Our favorite wild flower is the Violet.

Empline George.

Emeline George. Lynn Haven, Fla., June 6. 1916.

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BETTY.

Written by Dorothy Lintner. Chapter III.

TWO FAIRIES LOST IN THE WOOD.

Two fairles lost in the wood.

It was quite early in the morning, the first day in July, and June and Betty were playing in the nursery. June's mother and brother had gone to a small city in Vermont, so June was staying with Betty. The girls had risen early, and they were delighted with the stillness of the morning. They were dressing as fairies, each putting on a thin dancing dress, the two fairies going to the wood. June's golden curls falling over her shoulder made her look very much like a little fairy, and Betty put on a dress like June had on, her hair being ouite dark with the silver band her hair being quite dark with the silver band across her forehead made Betty look more pretty. Betty was a pretty child, with fair complexion and graceful movements.

"Now, June," said Betty, "I will go first and unlock the doors and then you come after me

unlock the doors and then you come after me and lock them."

"Yes, Betty, and then where will we go?" asked June, a little nervous at their prank,

"We will go down the road to Sander's hill and then across to the wood."

"But you've never been there, Betty," objected

June.

"No, but we don't care; let's start." So the "No, but we don't care; let's start." So the girls put a thin chiffon scarf around them and started out of the house. When they reached the front porch they took a sigh of relief for having reached that far without being discovered. The girls ran to the crossroad and then up the long Sanders hill, on the opposite side of which was a large wood. Betty and June had never been there before. They entered and Betty exclaimed with delight: "Oh, June, look at the beautiful flowers! They're prettier than those beautiful flowers! They're prettier than those

beautiful nowers! They're prettier than those in our garden."

"Yes, and just look at these darling Ferns," said June, as she knelt by a bed of young Ferns. "Let's pick flowers; they will be nice for the table," suggested June.

"Sure enough, June," answered Betty, as they began picking flowers.

The cital strung fouther in the wood each see

The girls strayed farther in the wood, each seeing a pretty spot to pick from. It was very warm and the girls were not the least cool with their thin clothing on. Still they wandered farther into the wood, and the sky grew dark, while heavy clouds floated in the sky.

"Oh! June, we better go home. It is so dark—look, June, it is raining now!" exclaimed Betty,

just realizing their prank. "It's just a shame it has to rain now," said June, who was enjoying herself. The girls took hold of hands and started on a run upon a little path. They ran for a few minutes, and the ob-

jects and surroundings did not look familiar.
"Betty! Betty! we are on the wrong path," sobbed June.

"June, where are we?" cried Betty. "We are lost!"

"What will mother say," thought Betty. It was raining harder, so the girls stopped under a large tree. Each girl was finding it hard to keep large tree. Eaback the tears.

"We are both as wet as we can be," said Betty.
"Betty," said June, "I believe this path is a
lane, and leads somewhere. Let's follow it."
"Yes, it does look like it; let's hold hands and

The girls ran, trying to dodge under the trees, when they almost ran into it—yes, it was a small cabin. My! how glad the girls were.

"Knock," said Betty, and June, seeing a pale

"Knock," said Betty, and June, seeing a pale shadow on Betty's face, gave a sharp rap upon the cabin door. A very handsome young man opened the door. He looked at them for a minute, wondering, then exclaimed: "Children, out in this rain! Come in, quick!" The girls were glad to receive shelter, so they followed the man into a very pretty, home-like sitting-room. The young man went to a door which led out of the room and called, "Elnora, dear! come, for we have two little visitors." At his call a fair young maiden of about nineteen entered the room. "Elnora," said the man again, "these little

girls knocked at our door. Look, they are very

girls knocked at our door. Look, they are very wet from this hard rain."

"Why, children dear, come by the fire and maybe—yes, I have some clothes that will about fit you, then you must tell us your adventure."

"Thank you so much, we are very tired, too," said June, answering for Betty. Betty had not said a word, for she felt a dizzy feeling coming over her, every object was black before her eyes.

"June," uttered Betty. "Yes, Betty," answered June, and here Betty fell over on the floor. The next she knew she was in a beautiful room, everything was white and rose color, the sun was shining again and a little canary was singing from his cage. Just now Betty began to wonder where she was. She turned, and, to her surprise, she discovered she was in a little white bed, and here Betty saw her mother, father, June, and the here Betty saw her mother, father, June, and the woman and man who had taken them in. "Mother," said Betty. "Yes,dear,but you must

"Mother," said Betty. "Fes,dear, but you must be quiet."

"But what has happened?" asked Betty, not yet understanding her surroundings.

"You had gone into the wood, and when it rained you found you were lost, then you found shelter here, but you were very weak and fainted," said Betty's mother, telling the story briefly.
"Oh!" said Betty, feeling tired yet.

"Oh!" said Betty, feeling tired yet. She went to sleep, breathing more easily, and slept for many hours. When she awoke she felt very

many nours. When she awoke she left very much refreshed indeed.
"June," said Betty, "how do you like to play

"Not very well," said June, coming toward Betty with a long kimono on, which had been put on instead of her wet dress. Just then the door opened and Betty's father came in with a large shawl, and he was smiling.

"What is the matter, daddy?"

"What is the matter, daddy?"
"What do you think, Betty, dear? When I went to the automobile just now to get a robe, there stood Dixie eating grass."
"DixIe! Why, how did he get here?" asked Betty, rising in bed.
"I must have left the barn door open and he followed us, for we were in the automobile."

Mr. Perkins wrapned Betty so she would not.

followed us, for we were in the automobile."

Mr. Perkins wrapped Betty so she would not be chilled even if it was in July. He carried her to their automobile. When Betty, her mother, and June were comfortable in the back seat Mr. Perkins said to the young people of the cottage: "Thank you for taking in the little truants, Mr. and Mrs. La Von." The happy couple laughed, and soon the automobile was gliding over the road. Betty remembered the name "La Von." It sounded familiar, but the air was pure, which lulled Betty to sleep. But Betty already decided it would always be best to tell her parents what she was going to do. she was going to do.

Dixie was following the automobile, wishing

he could stop and eat grass along the wayside.

[To be continued.]

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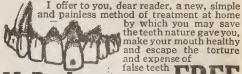
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EXCHANGES.

Mrs. J. J. Kalbeur, Camino, Calif., has Ferns and mixed flower seeds for well-rooted Buffalo Berry plants. Write.

Mrs. A. V. Hinze, E. 49th Siekiyou, Portland. Oreg., has Snapdrrgon, Columbine seeds, Oregon Grape (or native Holly) with roots, for Amaryllis, Madeira, Wh. Lilao, Tritoma, Cactus, Yucca.

Mrs. M. A. Goss. Bryant, Mo., has plants and other things for Japan Lilies, Leopard Lilies, and Mt. Hood Lilies, Write first.

Mrs. Oscar W. Lower, Marshall, Mich., has Dahlias. Per. Phlox, German Iris, Japanese Iris, for Begonias. Crinums, Ferns, Fuchsias and other house plants.

Miss Emma Evey, 260 Cypress Ave., Pasadena, Calif., has Asparagus plumosus seeds for Perennial Larkspur seeds or Kochia Scoparia (Summer Cyyress) seeds

Mrs. Joullin, 221 Downey St., San Francisco, Calif., has Callas for Cacti or window garden bulbs.

has Callas for Cacti or window garden bulbs.

Mrs. C. S. Bear. Tuscumbia, Mo., has Dill and Okra seeds for Larkspur and Canterbury Bell seeds, and bulbs and plants for others.

Mrs. Walter Cas. R. 2. Boyd. Texas. has mammoth Sage plants, winter Onions, a few seeds of Arbor Vitæ and wild Orange for Cyclamen, Calla, Carnation, Lily and Geranium plants or bulbs.

Mrs. Minnie Magers, R. 2. Saltillo, Miss., has Ferns for Begonias and other pot plants.

Mrs. Clarence Ragg, Thrasher, Miss., has Tuberoses and Lemon Lilies for Cape Jasmine and house plants.

Mrs. Bertha Satterwhite, Conrec. Texas, has Magnolia and Arbor Vitæ seeds for Horse Radish roots. Asters, Gladiolus bulbs, Dahlia and Caladium roots.

Mrs. J. D. Learnard, Derry Village, N. H., has Ama

Asters, Gladiolus bulbs, Dahlia and Caladium roots.

Mrs. J. D. Learnard, Derry Village, N. H., has Amaryllis, Dahlias, white Lilacs, and scarlet Poppy seeds for pink Oleander, Tiger Lilies or Cape Jrsmine,

Mabel Lynch, R. 2, Reinbeck, Ia., has named Dahlias for blooming-sized bulbs of Amaryllis, Crinums, Clivias, or any kind of house Lilies. Write first.

Mrs. E. F. Rice, Simpsonville, S. C., has Okra seeds for seeds of Pansies, Asters, Balsams, Salvias, etc.

Mrs. John Smith, Brookfield Center, Conn., has Strawberry plants, Lilacs, Lily of the Valley, Catnip-Lemon Lily for Roses, Pinks, Pæonies except white, everbearing Strawberries, bulbs or hardy plants.

Mrs. F. L. Patrick, R. 4, Vilonia, Ark., wishes Magnolia, Lily of Valley, Ferns, Rex Begonias, Hydrangeas, Heliotrope in exchange. Write.

Mrs. Oscar Kuntz, 100 Wheeler St., Freeport, Ill., has Button Roses, blue Aster seeds, and wild flowers for Cactus plants and cocoons.

Mrs. R. A. Young, Banner, Kans., has native plants

Mrs. R. A. Young. Banner, Kans., has native plants of Kansas for shrubs and house plants.

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If you suffer from women's peculiar ailments causing pain in the head, back, or bowels, feeling of weight and dragging down sensation, falling or displacement of pelvic organs, causing kidney and bladder weakness or constipation and piles, painful or irregular periods, catarrhal conditions and discharges, extreme nervousness, depressed spirits, melancholy, desire to cry, fear of something evil about to happen, creeping feeling along the spine, palpitation, hot flashes, weariness, sallow com-plexion with dark circles under the eyes, pain in the left breast or a general feeling that life is not worth living,

I INVITE YOU TO SEND TODAY FOR MY FREE TEN DAYS' TREATMENT

and learn how these ailments can be easily and surely conquered at home without the dangers and and learn how these ailments can be easily and surely conquered at home without the dangers and expense of an operation. When you are cured, and able to enjoy life again, you can pass the good word along to some other sufferer. My home treatment is for young or old. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain how to overcome green sickness (chlorosis), irregularities, headaches, and lassitude in young women and restore them to plumpness and health. Tell me if you are worried about your daughter. Remember it costs you nothing to give my home treatment a ten days' trial, and does not interfere with daily work. If health is worth asking for, then accept my generous offer and write for the free treatment, including my illustrated booklet, "Women's Own Medical Adviser." I will send all in plain wrappers postpaid. To save time, you can cut out this offer, mark your feelings, and return to me. Send today, as you may not see this offer again. Address.

SUMMERS, BOX 51, NOTRE DAME, IND., U. S. A.

PATTY.

Patricia Willard was known to everyone as Patty. She was a dear little girl with a bright face and sunny smile. Everybody loved her because she was always so happy and never said

because she was always so happy and never said a cross word to anybody.

Patty lived with her father and mother on a farm of 40 acres, in a large house surrounded by tall trees and green grass which, in the summer time, made it look cool and inviting. Near the house a pretty little brook ran merrily along its way. Patty loved to wade in the brook, or to sit on its banks and watch it go dancing merrily along over the stones,

Patty had a pony named Billy, of which she was very fond. She rode Billy every day to the schoolhouse, which was four miles from her home. When school was out Patty had no one to play with, because there were no children liv-

ing anywhere near Patty's home.
One day her mother called her and said:
"Patty, how would you like to go to the city and live there and go to school?"
"Oh, mother! mother! are we really going to the city to live?" asked Patty joyfully,



"Yes, dear," answered her mother, "we are

going next week."
Patty was so happy that she could hardly wait for the next week to come, but when it was time to go she was rather sorry to leave the farm. When she reached the house where they were

going to live in the city, Patty was so delighted that she forgot how sorry she was to leave the country. The house was called the "Pines," because there were so many Pine trees in the

At the end of a week, Patty was acquainted with all the children in the neighborhood. All the children liked Patty, and she decided that she liked the city very much, but sometimes she wished that she was again on the form. wished that she was again on the farm.

Norma Russell, 14 years.

Denver, Col., June 24, 1916.

FOR SIX MONTHS. It is worth 810 a copy to any man intending to invest any money, however small, who has invested money unprofitably, or who can save 85 or more per month, but who hasn't learned the art of investing for profit. It demonstrates the real earning power of money, the knowledge financiers and bankers hide from the masses, It reveals the enormous profits bankers make andshows how to makethe same profits. It explains how stupendous fortunes are made and why made; how \$1,000 grows to \$23,000. To introduce my magazine write me now. Fil send it six months, absolutely FRINES, H.L.BARBER, Pub., 418 26W Jackson Bvd., Chizaya, Mill.



My Offer of Some Time Ago in Park's Floral Magazine Brings So Much Joy.

In an issue of Park's Floral Magazine some time ago I made the following offer: that I would give Catarrh Treatments absolutely free of charge to be distributed among the readers of Park's Floral Magazine. That offer has been received with so much satisfaction, so many grateful letters have come to me from it, that my heart is filled with joy. Therefore, I have decided to repeat the offer and am making this announcement. I will give aveau the other than the state of charge 250 mars. Chargh, treat.

absolutely free of charge, 250 more Catarrh treatments. My method of treatment I believe to be one of the best that was ever formulated for Catarrh and allied ailments. The method has cured hundreds of suffering ones, after everything else has failed. Now, Reader, this is your chance. ALL YOU have got to do is to write for this treatment and see it for yourself.

and see it for yourself.

Listen to these grateful words: "My nose cleared, my foul breath left me, the continual succession of colds, the crusts in my nose, that bad taste in the mouth mornings, the dull headachy feeling in my forehead, the constant desire to clear my throat, all these vanished. They all went, one by one, some faster, some slower, but all equally sure. I once more have that joyous, lively feeling, same as I had in the glad days of youth, free from all care and pain." Wouldn't you like to be in

that happy condition?

A PRESENT FOR YOU

Remember, I make this offer of a free gift, wholly from my desire to do you good. I want no money for you will be under no obligation to me whatso-

ever.

Now, Reader, this is the opportunity of a lifetime. let it slip and you may never have such another again. Don't neglect it, just write today. Send a postal card or your full name and address in a letter and you will have one of these famous Threefold treatments by return mail,

Address CATARRH SPECIALIST SPROULE 232 Trade Building, Boston, Mass.

AND HAY FEVER Cured Before You Pay.

I will send you a \$1 bottle of LANE'S TREATMENT on FREE TRIAL. When completely cured send me the \$1, Otherwise, your report cancels charge, Address D. J. LANE, 298 Lane Bldg., St. Marys, Kansas.

ED WETTING IN GEILDREN AND Water Troubles IN OLD PEOPLE FREE. Zemeto Co., Dept. 12, Milwaukee, Wis.

LAME BACK AND KIDNEY TROUBLE

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Our MAGNETIC ABDOMINAL AND KIDNEY VITALIZER for ladies and gentlemen here illustrated is only one of the many Shields we make. IT IS A WONDERFUL INVENTION, scientifically constructed, and floods the system with magnetism, supplying LIFE, STRENGTH and VIGOR to the BACK, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS and BLADDER, giving buoyancy, magnetic tone and renewed vitality to the system. WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERYBODY.

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